

Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62.83

BAKER BROS.

JUN 8 1920
U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Fort Worth,

TEXAS.

SPRING
1894.



Roses
Trees
Plants,
Vegetable
Seeds,
Etc.

SPECIALTIES:

Roses and Chrysanthemums.

Special Rates to CUSTOMERS and CLUB-RAISERS.

Purchaser's Choice from Catalogue.

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|
| For a remittance of | \$2.00 | you may select | Plants (not trees or seeds) | priced at | \$2.30 |
| " | " | 3.00 | " | " | 3.60 |
| " | " | 4.00 | " | " | 4.80 |
| " | " | 5.00 | " | " | 6.00 |
| " | " | 8.00 | " | " | 10.00 |
| " | " | 10.00 | " | " | 13.00 |
| " | " | 15.00 | " | " | 20.00 |
| " | " | 20.00 | " | " | 26.00 |

These discounts are allowed only on plants priced singly, and not on the prices per dozen or hundred.

Special One Dollar Collections.

\$1.00 WILL BUY any one of the collections enumerated below, delivered safely by mail, post-paid, to any address. These collections are all of fine, strong plants, of the best varieties, and are marvels of cheapness. We can afford to sell them so cheap only by growing these sorts in immense numbers. **The choice of varieties must invariably be left to us,** the purchaser simply naming the number of the set or sets desired. Every plant is entirely distinct. If desired, the purchaser can halve the sets that call for one variety of plants; for instance, half of "Sets 1 and 2."

- No. 1. 16 Finest Double-flowering Geraniums.
- No. 2. 16 Finest Single-flowering Geraniums.
- No. 3. 6 Single, 6 Double and 4 Scented Geraniums.
- No. 4. 12 Geraniums—Fancy-leaf, Scented, Ivy-leaf, etc.
- No. 5. 12 Assorted Monthly Roses.
- No. 6. 20 Coleus—all different or all one kind, as preferred.
- No. 7. 20 Verbenas.
- No. 8. 25 Pansies.
- No. 9. 12 Carnations.
- No. 10. 15 Best Chrysanthemums.
- No. 11. 6 Coleus, 6 Dusty Millers and 6 Alternantheras.
- No. 12. 4 Geraniums, 4 Roses, 4 Chrysanthemums and 2 Heliotropes.
- No. 13. 16 Mad. Salleroi, for edging.
- No. 14. 16 Centaureas, for edging.
- No. 15. 20 Tuberoses.
- No. 16. 20 Gladioli.
- No. 17. 15 Choice Basket or Vase Plants.
- No. 18. 2 Heliotropes, 2 Cestrums, 2 Lantanas, 2 Fuchsias, 2 Salvias and 2 Ageratums.
- No. 19. 30 Packets Flower Seeds.

These collections are sold so cheap that they cannot be included in the clubbing rates.

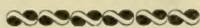
Prices on Nursery Stock and Vegetable Seeds are Net.

Address

Baker Bros., Fort Worth, Texas.



INTRODUCTORY.



NOTWITHSTANDING the general cry of "hard times," our trade in Bulbs, Trees and General Nursery Stock during the fall of 1893 has been so gratifying that we are encouraged to look forward to still greater trade during the coming spring than ever before. We have built another plant house, greatly enlarged our Seed Department, and in every way we are making preparations to handle our increasing trade with satisfaction to all. We take this opportunity to thank our friends for their liberal support and many kind words in the past, and will do our utmost to merit a continuance of the same.

While we do not offer in this Catalogue any fruit, shade or ornamental trees, we would yet remind our customers that all the above may be planted in February and March. We always sell more trees in February than in any other month in the year. For descriptions and pricess, see our Fall Catalogue, which will be mailed to all applicants.

It is hardly necessary to press the claims of Texas-grown fruit trees, hardy ornamental stock, etc., for their superiority is apparent to every one; but not so with greenhouse plants. Purchasers are often attracted by the showy catalogues and glowing descriptions sent out by many Northern firms, which do not take into account the peculiarities of this climate.

Again, plants grown in the North, where it is necessary to keep artificial heat in the greenhouse all winter, become very tender and sappy, and although they look fresh and healthy on arrival, they wilt and often die when exposed to the open air, or, at best, do not revive and start to grow for two or three weeks. In this sunny climate it is not necessary to keep fires in the greenhouses during the day more than ten or fifteen times through the whole winter; so that our plants are grown by natural sun heat, and when transplanted hardly feel the change.

Fort Worth being the best distributing point in the state, our goods can reach more than half the towns in Texas **within twelve hours**, and nearly every town in twenty-four hours.

How to Ship.

Nursery Stock should be shipped by express. Large orders may go by freight, but as we get specially low rates from the express companies, it is almost as cheap, and much quicker and safer, to ship in this way.

Seeds, in packets by mail, in bulk by express. **Plants**, by mail or express. Small orders for plants may be sent safely by mail. This is by far the best way for post-offices not on the railroad. Whenever it is convenient to do so, it is much better to have plants sent by express. We can send larger plants, better packed, and with dirt on the roots, and they are usually delivered much quicker and safer by express than by mail. That our customers may have these advantages without any additional expense,

We will deliver by express, charges prepaid, to any railroad town in Texas, all orders for trees and plants amounting to \$5 or more. To receive this advantage, cash must, in all cases, accompany the order.

This liberal offer does not apply to plants in pots, hanging-baskets, etc., nor when plants and trees are included in the same order. It must be for at least \$5 worth of trees, or at least \$5 worth of plants, as they must be packed separately.

Terms, Cash with Order. We decline to ship C. O. D., unless a partial remittance be made with the order.

Please remember to write your name, post-office and state distinctly. If you should fail to hear from us within a week, please write us again, as we sometimes get orders from parties who forget to sign their names or give their post-office.

Remittances should be made by express or post-office money-order, or by draft on Fort Worth.

Reference: Traders' National Bank, or any other business firm of this city.

Please write the order legibly, and apart from the body of the letter.

Plants by Mail. We make a specialty of growing hardy, vigorous young plants to be shipped through the mails free to any part of the United States, and it is the wonder of many to receive their plants in such excellent condition. Orders must amount to at least fifty cents. For orders of less than fifty cents, ten cents must be added for postage and packing.

If Plants Perish in Transit, the Loss is Ours. Sometimes by unavoidable accidents plants perish on the road. *If promptly notified of the fact by return mail*, and a list of the respective plants be sent us, they will be duplicated at once. We always try to do even a little better than we promise, or than fair dealing requires.

Our prosperity depends upon your receiving satisfaction.

Our Responsibility. We guarantee plants and seeds to reach their destination in a live, growing condition, but when we have done this our responsibility ceases, because we know that if they receive proper care they will grow nicely. Many plants die from careless treatment and neglect; in such cases we can not and should not be expected to replace them.



We wish our customers would, in every case, keep a copy of their order, and verify it on arrival of plants; this will prevent mistakes as to what they thought they ordered, but which was never written upon their order-sheet. If not too much trouble, please drop us a card on the arrival of the goods. We are glad to know when you are pleased, and we wish to know of any dissatisfaction, that we may make it right.

Address all communications to

BAKER BROTHERS, Fort Worth, Texas.



ROSES

WE naturally place Roses first on our list. As they have always held first place among flowers for their beauty, fragrance, variety of color and form, for their hardiness and adaptability to almost any condition and soil, so they continue to hold first place in the merit and improvement of the new varieties being introduced each year. A comparison of the following list with our list of former years will show that we are offering many new varieties, and also that we have dropped many of the old ones. This we expect to continue to do, thus keeping our list up to the very best standard for this climate. Of the new varieties offered we have tested a number, and can heartily recommend them. Some we have

not tested, and their descriptions, of course, are borrowed. There is such a desire and ambition among most of our customers to get the newest and best that they do not care to wait for us to try a new kind, but are willing to make the experiment themselves. Occasionally such people will be disappointed, but they must remember that not every variety that will succeed well in Ohio, New Jersey or France is suitable to this climate.

The prices given are for healthy, vigorous young plants, 5 to 10 inches tall, taken from 2½-inch pots. We can furnish large two-year-old plants of many varieties, grown in the open ground all last year. These should not be ordered later than March 1st to 15th. The best time to plant the young pot Roses is from February 1st to April 1st. After this date they will not do so well, nor can we always give as good a selection.

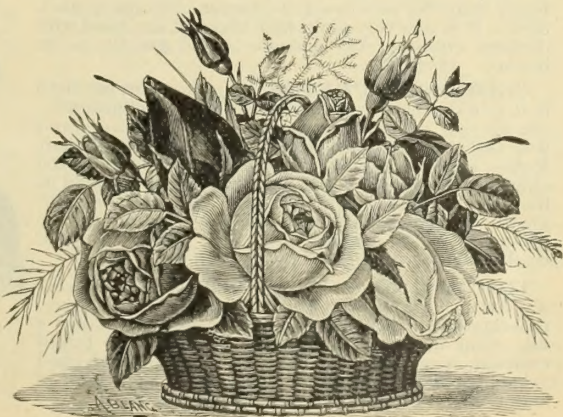
New Roses of Special Merit.

MAD. C. TESTOUT. A really grand Rose of the La France type, but larger and finer in shape; especially noted for its bright, vivid rose color. As large as Baron Rothschild, and as free a bloomer as La France. 25 cts.

BRIDESMAID. This is an improvement on the world-renowned Catherine Mermet; about the same shade as the famous Duchess of Albany, the deep red La France, and, strange to say, both of these sports bloom more freely than their parents, while in growth, foliage, etc., there is no perceptible difference. 20 cts.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. This seems destined to become the leading white Rose in cultivation. We have white Roses with elegant buds, but the full-blown flowers are not so handsome. Again, we have white Roses elegant when full-blown, but with poor buds. This Rose combines both these good qualities. It is a continuous bloomer, producing successive crops of buds and flowers in the greatest profusion. The buds are beautifully formed, with large petals of best substance; the flowers show no center when fully open; color pure snowy white; very fragrant, and a vigorous grower. 25 cts.

MAD. HOSTE. A lovely cream white Rose of large size and fine form; plant a remarkably free bloomer. 15 cts.





NIPHETOS.

MEDEA. The only rival of Perle des Jardins as a yellow Rose. A strong, vigorous grower; the flower is a rich golden yellow in color; very fragrant, large and full. 25 cts.

MARION DINGEE. This bids fair to become the leading crimson Tea Rose in cultivation. It is a strong, vigorous grower, making a handsome, well-balanced plant, with large, thick, deep green leaves. The flowers are large, beautifully cup shaped, moderately full, and borne in wonderful profusion. They are borne nearly upright, on long, straight stems, and are of excellent substance, having thick, leathery petals, which hold their form and color for a long time. The color is a deep, brilliant crimson. One of the darkest, if not the very darkest, and richest colored Tea Rose in existence. 20 cts.

RAINBOW. For several years new *striped* Roses have been offered to the public. All of these proved to be very inferior, so that when another striped Rose, the Rainbow, was offered, we would have nothing to do with it. But when we saw the bloom, that it was really beautiful and novel, we hastened to get a stock of it. It is a lovely pink, blotched and streaked with darkest crimson, just enough to add greatly to its beauty. 15 cts.

CLIMBING NIPHETOS. But one point has held that glorious old Rose, Niphotos, in the background—the serious defect of its being a weak grower—and this defect is now remedied. We have in this new Rose a vigorous climbing growth, coupled with all the charms of Niphotos, which has always held the lead as the most elegant of white Roses. The buds on well-grown specimens measure 4 inches in length, and are produced in the greatest profusion. They are positively startling in size and purity. 15 cts.

TRIUMPH DE PERNET PERE. The flowers are extra large, having broad, thick petals and long, tapering buds, with delicious Tea fragrance. Color a fine, clear magenta-red, sometimes passing to bright crimson. Very striking and beautiful, and of such good substance that the flowers retain their beauty for a long time. Very brilliant and beautiful. 20 cts.

LA FRANCE DE '89. Pronounced by all the noted French rosarians as the most remarkable Hybrid Tea of late years. One notable peculiarity of this variety is its long, elegant buds, which are often two or three inches long, while the expanded flowers are of immense size. Another strong point is its bright color, which is very nearly scarlet, sometimes lined and bordered with pure white. Still another is the sweet fragrance—a precious trait in the rose. 20 c.

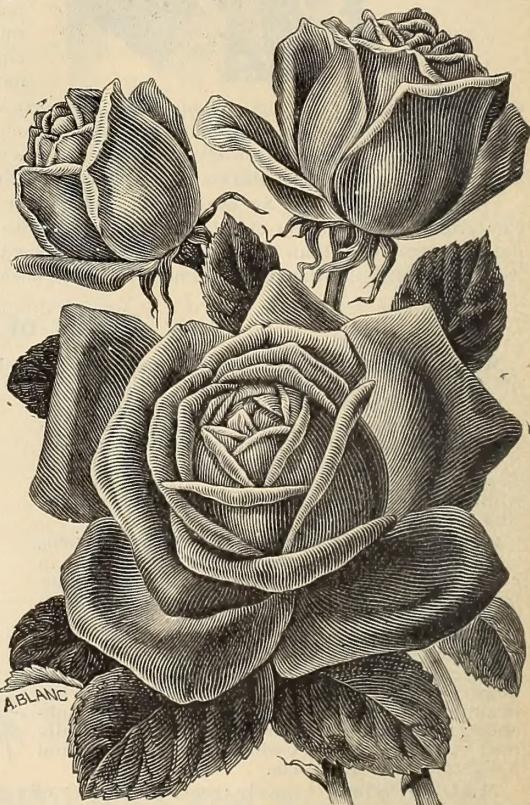


MERMET.

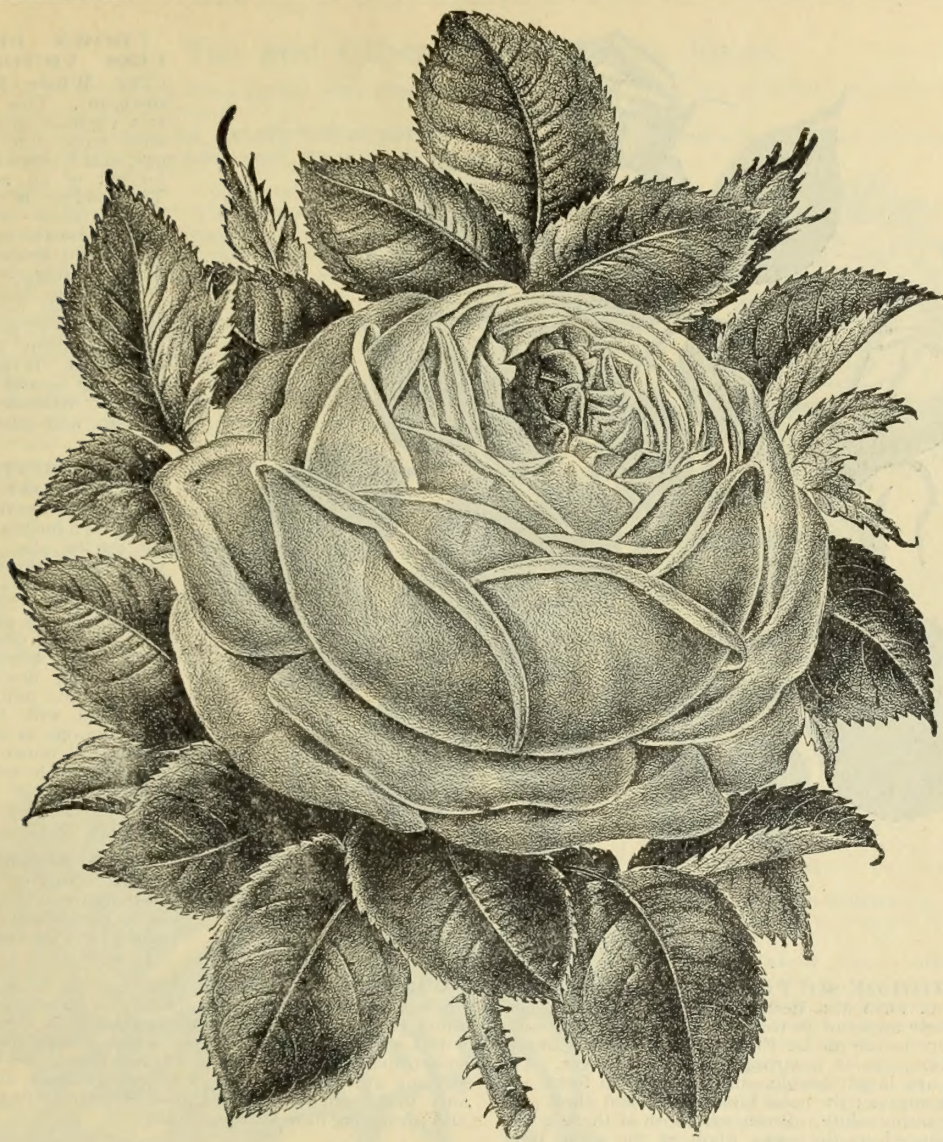
GOLDEN GATE. This magnificent rose is a cross between the old, greatly admired varieties, Safrano and Cornelia Cook, and while combining the good qualities of both, is more beautiful than either. It is a strong, healthy grower, excellent for both bedding and house culture, and produces a profusion of long, pointed buds, opening to very large double Roses of creamy white, beautifully tinted with soft yellow at the base of the broad petals, which are exquisitely bordered with clear rose. 20 cts.

MAD. PIERRE GUILLOT. Moderately vigorous in growth. Flowers large, and of nice shape; color orange-yellow, bordered and lined with rosy carmine; reverse of petals yellowish white. A magnificent variety. 15 cts.

WABAN. This is a sport from Catherine Mermet, and identical with that variety in every characteristic, except color, which is a rich, deep, bright pink. 15 cts.



WABAN.



DUCHESS OF ALBANY.

THE QUEEN. We have never grown a white Tea Rose that has given us more general satisfaction than The Queen. It is a sport from Souv. d'un Ami, and possesses its many good qualities in a remarkable degree. It has a pure white flower, and makes good, finely formed buds; quite full and double, and very fragrant. 15 cts.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY. The finest Rose we have seen, not excepting La France, with which it is identical, except that it is of more vigorous growth, and has a larger and more expanded flower, of deep, even pink. 15 cts.

CLIMBING PERLE DES JARDINS. Identical with Perle des Jardins, except that it is a vigorous climber. A grand addition to our roses. It will rank with the very best. 25 cts.

MAD. WELCHE. An extra fine variety. Very large, double, and of beautiful rounded form. Color soft, pale yellow, sometimes cream, with short inner petals of glowing orange and copper. Not to be forgotten when once seen. Vigorous in habit. 15 cts.

METEOR. A pure Tea. Flowers rich, dark, velvety crimson; plant strong, clean, vigorous grower, like Bon Silene, but with flowers larger and more double. The richest colored everblooming Tea Rose yet introduced; very distinct; grows and blooms in remarkable profusion outside as a bedding rose. 15 cts.

Mlle. FRANCISKA KRUGER. The striking color of this handsome Rose places it at once in the front as a bud producer for the open air. It is closely allied to Catherine Mermet, and resembles it in everything save color. In its shading of deep coppery yellow it stands unique and distinct from all other Roses. The flower, when open, is of good size and very symmetrical. One of the finest Roses to plant in masses and clumps. 10 cts.

SOUV. GABRIELLE DREVET. Salmon-pink, with center of coppery rose; of good size and fine form. A superbly rich flower, belonging to the class of "Tulip Roses," which carry such fine combinations of colors. A very satisfactory Rose in habit, growth and freedom of bloom. 15 cts.



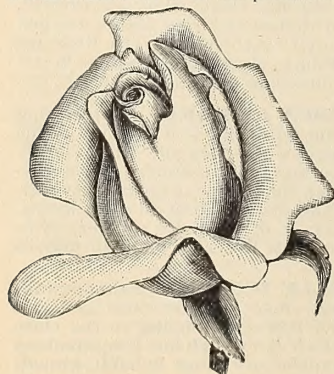
BUDS OF PERLE DES JARDINS, HALF SIZE.

CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. For freedom of bloom, beauty of form and delicacy of coloring, we know of no Rose superior to this. It is destined to become as indispensable as La France, Perle des Jardins or Malmaison. It is a strong, vigorous grower. The flowers are large, double, and beautiful in form, and borne in sprays; the color blends from soft shell pink to pure satiny white. Roses with both of these colors are produced on the same plant at the same time. 15 cts.

GRACE DARLING. One of the most elegant Roses it has ever been our pleasure to behold. A strong, vigorous grower;

color porcelain-rose, elegantly shaded with a decided vinous crimson, which never quite obscures the ground of beautiful yellow upon which it rests. The colors seem to stand out separate and distinct. Very sweet; a veritable beauty. 15 cts.

SOUVENIR DE WOOTTON. Velvety red; a free-bloomer and good grower. 15 cts.



BUD OF GRACE DARLING.

WHITE LA FRANCE. This is really a beautiful Rose, and most desirable, but if you expect a pure white rose you will be disappointed. It is identical with La France, except in color, which is pearly white, sometimes tinged with fawn. This is one of the most striking and beautiful Roses on our grounds, and is sure to become popular. A most desirable, attractive and promising new variety. 20 cts.



WHITE LA FRANCE.

CROWN PRINCESS VICTORIA (The White Malmaison). This rose is a vigorous grower, with large, fine foliage, and is one of the loveliest of all roses. The color is pure waxen snow-white, sometimes lemon tinted, and those who desire a fine double flower when fully expanded will be delighted with it, as it is very beautiful when full blown. It resembles that grand old Rose, "Malmaison," in shape and fullness. 20 cts.

VISCOUNTESS FOLKESTONE. No Rose in our catalogue has grown in popularity during the past year like Folkestone. It is unsurpassed among light-colored varieties, and is graceful to the last degree, with strong, heavy foliage. The flower is almost white, delicately tinted with flesh, and lustrous as satin. When full blown it is like a fine white peony, but without the least stiffness. Very sweet-scented. 20 cts.

MAD. SCHWALLER. Bright rosy flesh, paler at the base of the petals, and deepening at the edges. 15 cts.

Tea and Other Everblooming Roses.

The Everblooming Roses are the most popular of all, and for the South are especially desirable for their continuous growth and bloom.

PRICES OF ALL ROSES, EXCEPT WHERE NOTED: Vigorous young plants from pots, 10 cts. each; large plants of most kinds from open ground, until March 1st, 25 cts. to 50 cts. each.

Andre Schwartz. Finely colored crimson-red buds of distinct form, freely produced.

Appoline. A very vigorous grower, with large and double cupped flowers of rosy carmine.

Archduke Charles. Brilliant crimson-scarlet, shaded with violet.

Beauty of Stapleford. (H. T.) Flowers large, double, and handsomely formed; bright pink, shading to rosy carmine toward the center. 15 cts.

Bella. Flowers pure snow-white, large, very full and double; pointed buds. An excellent sort.

Bongere. Color violet-crimson, delicately shaded with violet.

Bon Silene. Deep rose; beautiful in bud; very fragrant and free.

Cornelia Cook. Pure white; magnificent buds of perfect form.

Catherine Mermet. Clear flesh, with silvery luster like La France; large, well-formed, exquisite buds.

Devoniensis. The Magnolia Rose. Beautiful creamy white, with rose center; large, full and double; delightfully sweet tea scent. An old and well-known Rose, that has never been surpassed. 15 cts.

Duchesse de Brabant. Soft, rosy flesh, changing to deep rose; very free in bloom, and valuable.

Etoile de Lyon. A magnificent Tea Rose, of brilliant chrome yellow, with center of pure golden yellow.

General Tartas. Deep mottled pink, sometimes tinged with rose.

Hermosa. The well-known garden Rose. Light pink.

Isabella Sprunt. Bright canary-yellow. A very free bloomer.

La France. (H. T.) One of the most beautiful of all Roses, and unequaled by any in its delicious fragrance. Flowers very large, double, and superbly formed. The prevailing color is light, silvery rose, shaded with silver, peach, and often with pink.

Louis Philippe. Rich, dark, velvety crimson; free and beautiful.

La Princesse Vera. Creamy rose, veined with lilac; large and full. One of the finest new Roses.

La Pactole. Pale sulphur-yellow; large and full.

Marie Van Houtte. White, slightly tinged with yellow; fine for bedding, and one of the best white Roses.

Mad. Joseph Schwartz. Light salmon-rose; extra fine in its blooming habit.

Mad. Falcot. Deep saffron-yellow; good habit.

Mad. Bravy. Rich creamy white, with blush center; of perfect form; very double and sweet.

Mad. Scipion Cochet. A charming and beautiful Tea Rose of more than usual merit. Color a soft primrose-yellow, with rose shadings. Deliciously sweet-scented, and very unique in size and shape of its buds. As this belongs to the Duchesse de Brabant section, its freedom of bloom is at once settled. The finest Rose of this section. 15 cts.

Mad. Russell. Creamy buff, shaded with pink.

Marie Guillot. Perfect in form; large, full and pure white.

Mile. Cecile Berthod. Most beautiful, both in bud and flower, which is deep golden yellow. The foliage is very bright. Altogether a grand Rose. 15 cts.

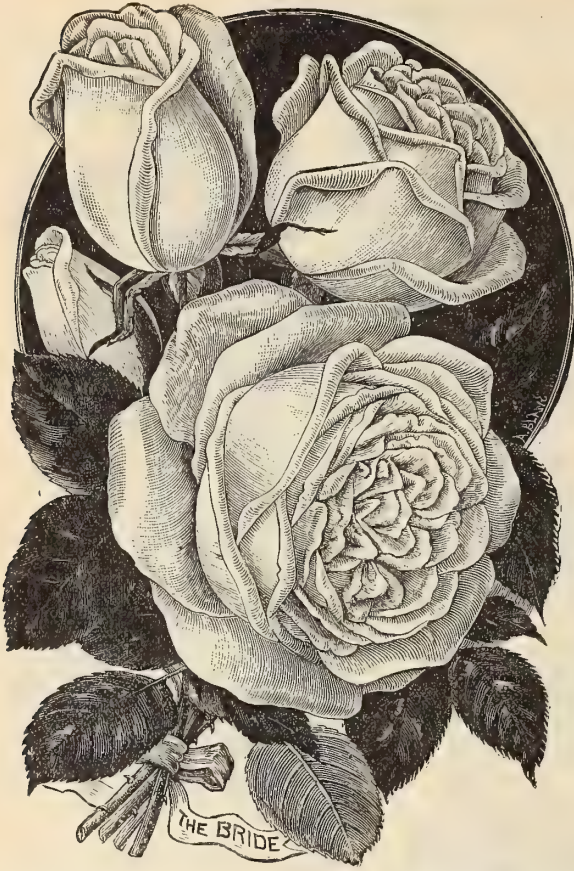
Pink Daily. Light pink flowers, produced in clusters.

President. Salmon-rose; deliciously fragrant.

Queen of Bedders. (H. T.) Rich, dark, velvety crimson; a very free bloomer; flower compact and full. One of the best crimson bedders. 25c.



QUEEN OF BEDDERS.



Perle des Jardins. Without doubt the finest yellow Rose in cultivation. Canary or golden yellow; flowers large and beautifully formed; handsome in every stage of development, from the smallest to the open bud.

Safrano. Bright apricot-yellow; valuable for winter, and very free.

Souv. de Mad. Pernet. Soft rose color, underlaid with yellow.

Souv. de la Malmaison. Flower extremely large, quartered and doubled to the center; flesh-white.

The Bride. A lovely pure white, very fragrant Rose. The buds have more substance than Niphetos, are very full and double, and possess the good characteristics of Catherine Mermet. The outside of the petals is sometimes tinged with pink.

Triomphe de Luxembourg. Brilliant rosy carmine; large and full; tea-scented.

Polyantha Roses.

This is a new dwarf class of Roses with peculiar, distinct growth and form of flowers. Single shoots bear from six to eight flowers in clusters or panicles. The plants seem to be perfectly hardy, and are natives of Japan.

Perle d'Or. An orange-red Polyantha with yellowish tinge; very free bloomer; has proved an excellent bedder during the summer.

Little Pet. About the same size as the above, but with shorter petals and a rather more double flower. As it opens the bud appears of a bluish color, but it is soon seen that this shading is only upon the back of the outer row of petals, the other portion of the rose being white. Compact in growth; very free.

Mlle. Cecile Brunner. Salmon, heavily shaded with rose; sweet and beautiful, and one of the best of this fine class.

Mignonette. A good grower; flowers exceedingly small, borne in clusters of 20 to 30; delicate rose, passing to white.

George Pernet. A charming new variety; color very bright rose, with touches of yellow, passing to peach-blow, with silvery white shadings. A splendid free-flowering sort. 15 cts. each.

Climbing Tea and Noisette Roses.

These Roses are especially fine in our Southern country, where they grow with tropical luxuriance, and bloom long and abundantly, and are, of course, entirely hardy.

America. Fawn, changing to coppery yellow; large and full flowers.

Chromatella, or Cloth of Gold. Golden yellow; fragrant, large and beautiful. 20 cts.

Gloire de Dijon. One of the finest Roses grown. It is noted for the great size of its flowers, its delicate tea scent, and its exquisite shades of color, being a blending of amber, carmine and cream. 15 cts.

Estella Pradel. This Rose has pure white buds and full, sweet flowers.

Lamarque. Flowers of medium size, borne in large clusters. Established plants bear thousands of blossoms; pure white; double.

Marechal Niel. A beautiful deep sulphur-yellow, very full, large and exceedingly sweet—the finest yellow Rose in existence. It has a climbing habit, and when allowed to grow until it attains a large size, as it will in a few years, yields thousands of beautiful flowers. Large budded plants, \$1; smaller plants, 10 cts.

Reine Marie Henriette. Bright cherry red, of a pure shade; a strong, vigorous grower.

Reine Olga de Wurtemberg. A splendid Rose. Should be grown where the Marechal Niel succeeds. This variety as grown in the south of France is simply indescribable. Rosy crimson, suffused with yellow. 15 cts.

Solfaterre. Rich yellow, very double; fine grower.

Washington. Of medium size, and pure white. It is very double, and blooms profusely in clusters. A strong grower, and quite hardy.



POLYANTHA ROSE.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

OUR customers of former years will notice in the following list many new Chrysanthemums not offered before. This list comprises the very cream of the many new and desirable varieties which were leading prize-winners in the Chrysanthemum shows of New York, Chicago and other large cities. Besides the new sorts offered, we still have the best of our older varieties. Every year we cull out the poor sorts, and keep the best ones, so that we grow none but the best. It seems every year that perfection is reached in this flower, yet the next season we have something still more beautiful and novel than the year before. Nearly all varieties will grow and bloom outdoors before severe weather sets in. The later-blooming varieties, however, should be taken up, put in pots and kept in a light, moderately warm room in cold weather. In this way some varieties may be kept in bloom till Christmas. Chrysanthemums should have very rich soil and a sunny location. Give plenty of water from the time the buds first appear till they are in full bloom. The plants should be pinched back while growing, to give them a good shape, and all the weaker buds should be removed. To have plants blooming in the house, take them up with a ball of dirt about the roots, and put them in six or eight-inch pots any time during wet, cloudy weather in September. They should be well shaded for a few days, until they begin growing.

New Varieties.

Our selection from the following list, \$2 per doz.

COL. WILLIAM B. SMITH. An immense double, high-built flower; petals very broad and large, forming a solid mass of rich, bright golden bronze. 20 cts.

EDA PRASS. A fine bold, recurving, globular flower of great substance and depth. When opening, it is delicate salmon; then changes to creamy white, delicately shaded blush. 15 cts.

GOOD GRACIOUS. An introduction from Japan, and so remarkable for size as to suggest its name. The first sight of it usually brings forth an exclamation of admiration. The color, also, is unique, being a delicate shade of peach pink throughout. The form is also fine; the petals are incurved and twisted, overlapping each other in irregular fashion, and resembling talons. Of all the splendid varieties introduced from Japan, this is perhaps the most remarkable for size, form and color, and stands alone in its unique beauty. 25 cts.

GOLDEN GATE. Deep golden yellow, shaded buff and amber. Large, spreading flowers, whorled center. 25 cts.

GOLDEN WEDDING. The grandest yellow offered for 1893. This fine variety swept everything before it at the New York and Philadelphia shows. In color the flower is deep, bright gold, of shining texture; very large in size; the petals are both long and broad, and channeled lengthwise. A perfect Japanese incurved of most beautiful form; very free in growth. 25 cts.



ANEMONE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUM.

GEORGE W. CHILDS. The best deep, self-colored crimson variety in existence. Flowers massive, and of immense size, with broad, stiff petals of rich, dark, velvety crimson, without a shade of brown or chestnut; stems strong and erect. 15 cts.

HARRY MAY. Flower very large and double, forming a massive sphere; deep old-gold, occasionally veined with red; petals broad and thick. 15 cts.

HARRY BALSLEY. A superb exhibition variety. Flowers pearl-pink, shading to Mermet pink; semi-globular in form. Received a certificate at Indianapolis. 20 cts.

JOEY HILL. Of the very grandest size; we know of nothing larger in the entire family. Color deep cardinal-red, of beautiful shade, faced with old-gold; the outer petals are flat, showing the color to good advantage; the center is an immense mass of closely packed petals; very strong in growth. A new departure in reds. 30 cts.



COL. W. B. SMITH. (See page 9.)

J. C. VAUGHAN. Rich plum-crimson, of good size; a strong-growing and very free-flowering variety. 15 cts.

LILLIAN RUSSELL. A beautiful broad-petaled, clear, silvery pink flower, incurving, and forming an immense round ball of largest size. An early-flowering variety, suitable for all purposes. Was among the collection winning the Astor cup at Madison Square Garden. 20 cts.

MAUD DEAN. An extra large-flowered variety. Petals broad and incurving, perfectly double, and of great substance. Color pink, almost rose—a shade not found in any other variety. A model variety for cut-flower purposes, in form, size, color and stem. It received a silver cup at Indianapolis as prize novelty for 1891, and first-class certificates at Cincinnati and Boston. 35 cts.

MISS KATE BROWN. The very finest of all the early whites, coming into bloom the first week in October. A fine incurved flower, fully 6 inches across, with broad petals; first-class disbudded, and also beautiful in natural sprays. 20 cts.

MISS MINNIE WANAMAKER. Flowers very large, creamy white, incurving from bud to full-blown flower, which appears like a huge snowball. One of the best white varieties for all purposes. 15 cts.

MRS. ROBERT CRAIG. A splendid example of the globular incurving Chinese class, but with the

size, breadth of petal, and general grandeur of build seen in Japanese flowers. Very pure white; one of the best. 15 cts.

MRS. E. D. ADAMS. Flower very large; petals of medium width, very long, twisted, the outer ones swirled as if the flower had been turned swiftly on its stem. Color pure white. One of the best and most distinct white Chrysanthemums in cultivation. 20 cts.

MRS. J. JEROME JONES. A prize-winner at Boston and also at New York. Flowers pure white, incurved, high rounded flower, of enormous size and perfect habit. 25 cts.

MRS. CRAIG LIP-PINCOTT. A grand incurved flower, of bright, pure golden yellow; larger and handsomer than Golden Wedding, but somewhat like it in color, form and glossy surface of its petals. 40c.

NIVEUS. A grand snow-white variety, with center irregularly incurving, and outer petals reflexing nearly to the stem. The constitution is robust, and the foliage large and abundant, while the keeping quality of the flowers is unsurpassed. 25 cts.

THE QUEEN. This novelty is undoubtedly the finest white variety up to date; it excels all in purity, is extra large in size, and of beautiful half-globular form, with broad, incurved, shapely petals of great substance. Growth robust, with large, smooth, heavy, deep green foliage, and flowers erect on stiff stems. A grand show flower. 30 cts.



TIMBALE D'ARGENT. (See page 13.)

PRES. WM. R. SMITH.

Flowers color of Daybreak carnation, a pure self-pink; very heavy in substance, on stiff stems; very free in growth and propagation. The form of the flower is very beautiful in all its stages; it opens with a center incurving in a circle enclosed on broad outer petals, and gradually assumes the true Japanese form, rounded and deep; this gradually changes to an informal reflexed, and perfectly double flower. A splendid keeper; especially fine for cut-flowers and exhibition blooms. 30 cts.

POTTER PALMER.

The very best late white variety. Flowers large, with broad petals; very double. If grown in a cool-house it can be had in bloom for Christmas. Try this, and you will not be disappointed. 15 cts.

ROSLYN.

A superb, clear Mermet rose-pink; petals thick and heavy; flower cup-shaped, solid to center, immense in size, specimens 11 inches across having been exhibited. Habit the best. 25 cts.

TUXEDO.

Flowers of large size, perfectly double, beautiful rich amber. A grand variety for any purpose. 15 cts.

VIVIAND MOREL.

(French importation.) Deep pink. One of the best of the new flowers seen in 1891. 15 cts.

W. A. MANDA.

This is the new golden yellow hairy Chrysanthemum. The plant is vigorous in growth, and the flower is borne upright on stout stem. 15 cts.



CHRISTMAS EVE CHRYSANTHEMUM.

General Collection.

The cream of the old and new varieties. Price, except where noted, 10 cts. each. Our selection of 15 named varieties, all different, by mail prepaid, 10 cts. 32 varieties, all different, \$2. 50 varieties, all different, \$3.

These include many of the best high-priced varieties, but the selection must invariably be left to us.

Ada McVickar. A grand variety of strong habit, producing immense creamy white flowers, with broad, thick, reflexed petals; one of the best for specimen blooms, bush plants or standards. 15 cts.

Ada Spaulding. The lower half of the flower is a deep, rich pink, shaded in the upper portion to purest white; petals very large, broad and solid.

Autumn Glow. Sulphur-yellow; large and full.

Acquisition. Clear rose-lilac, with yellow center; very high and round.

Christmas Eve. A magnificent white; each petal curves and twists, the whole forming a ball of peculiar appearance; the latest of all Chrysanthemums; good at the Christmas season.

Charles A. Reeser. Violet-pink, without shadings; a fine recurved variety.

Clara Rieman. Rich, lavender-rose, shading to silvery rose, with a white center. 15 cts.

Cullingfordii. Rich crimson, shaded scarlet; the flowers are very large and reflexed; fine and distinct.

E. G. Hill. Immense blooms of bright golden yellow; full and very double; lower petals sometimes deeply shaded with bright carmine.

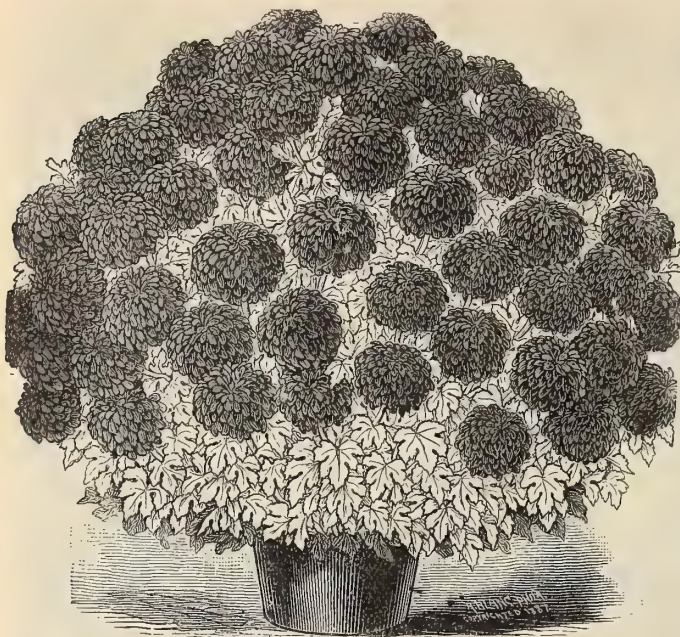
Elaine. One of the strongest and best early whites.

Emily Dale. Pale straw; one of the best.

Emily Dorner. A rather dwarf grower, but very sturdy; the flower is nicely incurved, petals broad, and of the richest shade of orange-yellow touched with crimson. 15 cts.

Frank Thomson. A splendid flower, very nearly spherical in form, petals broad, heavy, and finely incurving; very nearly white in color, showing only a touch of pearl-pink at the base. A strong, grower, carrying flowers on stiff stems.





CULLINGFORDII.

George Glenny. Beautiful lemon-white; plant of fine habit.

G. P. Rawson. Rich buff, with distinct center; petals bright nankeen and apricot-yellow.

G. F. Moseman. Extra good in every respect; flower 9 inches in diameter; buff without and bright red within. 15 cts.

Gloriosum. Very light lemon, with immense flowers, having narrow petals most gracefully curved and twisted; very early.

Grace Floyd. Deep rose; large and free.

Harry E. Widener. Bright lemon; the flowers are borne on large, stiff, erect stems.

Hamlet (single). Fine chestnut, center yellow.

Henry Cannell. One of the best yellows; forming large, golden, ball-like flowers.

Ivory. A splendid dwarf early white of great substance and durability. The flowers are of unusually fine and regular round, incurved form; distinct and notable in any collection.

Innocence. A chaste and beautiful white, the purity of which is not approached in other white varieties; the form is incurved as in Henry Cannell and T. C. Price. Received certificate of merit. 15 cts.

John Lane. Splendid bright pink; exceedingly free in bloom.

John Thorpe. Flowers 8½ inches in diameter, with long, broad petals, except in the under row, which contains a few tubular ones; of rich deep lake—a new shade in Chrysanthemums; very early.

Jessica. Snow-white, very profuse; an excellent sort for pot-culture.

King's Daughter. Very large pure snow-white flowers, with center petals irregularly drooping; very showy, loose, and of pure Japanese style. 15 cts.

Kata Kana. Very large; rich, deep, bronzy buff, with peculiar warm chrome shadings.

Kioto. Large, incurved flowers, of deep yellow.

Lady Selbourne. A very large, pure white variety of great merit; quite early.

L. Canning. Fine, double flowers, composed of long and broad pure white petals; a very free grower.

Lizzie Cartledge. Full, large, double flowers, incurved except the under row of petals, which are reflexed; color bright, deep rose. 20 cts.

La Favorite d'Exposition. White, tinged with pink; petals long and twisted.

Lilian B. Bird. Flowers large, full and very graceful, composed of narrow, needle-like petals of bright, delicate shrimp-pink. An exquisite variety.

Lady St. Clair. Pure white, large and full; early and fine.

Louis Boehmer (Pink Ostrich-Plume). Identical with Mrs. Alpheus Hardy, as the feathery substance covers the petals; but the flowers are larger and of a silvery pink color, and the plant is of more vigorous habit. 15 cts.

Mrs. Levi P. Morton. Of distinct and unique appearance; bright pink.

Mrs. M. G. Thomas. Very large, incurved flowers, having broad, creamy white petals; a free-growing variety.

Mrs. H. Cannell. Pure white; large, handsome blooms; florets broad, sometimes quilled, and much incurved. 15 cts.

Mrs. Fottler. Japanese incurved. Bright, soft rose; fine for cut-flowers or exhibition.

Mermaid. A soft, mellow pink, with deeper shadings on the outer edge of petals, while the base is deep cream color. A fine incurving, globular flower, pronounced by all florists who saw it a good variety for cutting purposes, on account of its color, strong stems and excellent keeping qualities. A strong grower.

Mad. Louise Leroy. A beautiful new French variety; delicate creamy white; large and perfectly formed flowers.



SOURCE D'OR. (See next page.)

Mr. Hicks Arnold. A very strong and floriferous variety, bearing large, full, double flowers of an old-gold color, lighting up wonderfully by artificial light. When fully open, they are almost spherical. The freest growing variety known, and one which may be grown with success for almost any purpose. 20 cts.

Mrs. J. G. Whilldin. A handsome light yellow variety of splendid size and form. A very choice flower.

Mrs. A. J. Drexel. One of the very largest early sorts; flowers half globular in form; color, crimson-lake. 15 cts.

Mrs. L. C. Madeira. A perfect, compact globe of bright orange color; petals upright, like unopened, pointed quills; constitution strong; stems stiff; flowers large and of the heaviest substance. Very satisfactory. 15 cts.

Mrs. Irving Clarke. A lovely flower, with pearly white margin, shading to deep rose in the center. 20 cts.

Mrs. I. C. Price. A lovely yellow—bright as gold; bloom very large; petals long and slender, arranged in whorls, while still incurved. Not at all like any other yellow. 15 cts.

Mrs. Winthrop Sargeant. Brilliant straw color; incurved, carrying its flowers on long, stiff stems; very large, if not the largest in this line of color. 15 cts.

Miss Mary Weightman. A magnificent and very distinct chrome-yellow; in form loose and feathery, but very large and full. 15 cts.

Mrs. J. T. Emlen. Deep blood-red on upper surface of the petals, under side old-gold; a very large incurved flower of splendid shape. Considered a great improvement on Mrs. Andrew Carnegie in size, color and form.

Mollie Bawn. This variety figured at the shows with a diameter of 10 and 12 inches. A pure white sport from Syringa. It is universally admired. 15 cts.

Mrs. Andrew Carnegie. Flowers of enormous size, rich crimson, of fine form; a remarkably free, strong grower, and good bloomer.

Mrs. Langtry. Enormous incurved flowers, one foot across; outer petals long and quilled, inside ones flat and beautifully incurved; pure white; charming. 15 cts.

Mrs. N. Hallock. Snowy white, of distinct and fine form; a really valuable acquisition.

Peculiarity. An entirely novel flower. Very double, and one compact mass of bright rose tubes, having open, mouth-like extremities of a bright, rosy crimson, which are divided into from 4 to 7 lobes.

Puritan. Early white. Should be in every collection. Suitable for all purposes.

Shasta. A Japanese variety. Pure white, with tubular petals; a dwarf-growing plant with stiff stems. 15 cts.



W. H. LINCOLN.

Sugar Loaf. A variety for everybody. The freest growing and freest flowering sort that we know. Under the most ordinary treatment it produces quantities of flowers of the grandest size. The color is varying shades of yellow, often running into bronze. 15 cts.

Source d'Or. Golden, twisted florets, tipped with yellowish brown; large flowers. (See page 12.)

Snowball. A well-named variety, having perfect, round flowers of the purest white.

Timbale d'Argent. An exquisite pure white anemone-flowered kind, the most admired of any in its class. It flowers with great profusion, and each bloom is over 3 inches in diameter. It is one of the very earliest Chrysanthemums, and a beauty. (For illustration and type, see page 10.)

The Bride. A very large and pure white reflexed flower. Extra fine.

Violet Rose. Very large, full, double rose-pink flowers, of fine form. 15 cts.

Wm. H. Lincoln. Immense, full, double flowers of pure yellow, with slightly incurved petals. The plant is of perfect habit, a strong grower and free bloomer. This is a splendid exhibition variety, and is largely grown for that purpose. 15 cts.

Walter W. Coles. A most singular and striking shade—terra-cotta, or brownish orange; very large and distinct. This variety at once attracts attention in any collection.

Zenobia. A very large and double Japanese variety. Long, flat, spreading and drooping petals of purest white.



MERMAID.

GREENHOUSE DEPARTMENT.

General Collection of Greenhouse and Bedding Plants.



ABUTILON ECLIPSE.

ABUTILONS.

These are very satisfactory plants, and not so popular as they should be. They grow readily in almost any soil, and bloom freely, producing graceful, bell-shaped flowers in all shades of yellow, crimson and white.

Price, 10 cents each.

Arthur Belsham. Clear crimson. One of the best.

Boule de Neige. Pure white, bell-shaped flowers, borne without intermission.

Shower of Gold. A beautiful, dwarf-growing variety, the whole plant being covered with a profusion of golden yellow flowers.

Rosea. Beautiful bright rose; a dwarf grower. The counterpart of Boule de Neige, except in color.

NEW ABUTILONS.

Nothing can surpass the elegance of these pretty plants. They are of dwarf growth, and covered with bloom all the time. Try these new varieties.

Price, 15 cents each.

Golden Fleece or Golden Bells. A bright, golden-yellow Abutilon, of strong, vigorous habit, and very free-flowering. There have been a number of yellow Abutilons introduced during the past few years, but they all lacked richness of color. The variety now offered combines large size, fine form and depth of coloring, and will become the leading yellow variety.

Thompsonii plena. New. The perfectly double flowers resemble double hollyhocks in form; color a rich, deep orange, shaded and streaked with crimson; foliage is beautifully variegated.

Madame Alfred Lagour. Widely open flowers of a peculiar salmon shade, veined with bright crimson; very beautiful.

Splendens. Beautiful velvety crimson. Very rich and pretty.

Scarlet Gem. A rich, bright scarlet. Can't be beat.

Madame Chobert. A very dwarf grower; the clear pink bloom literally covers the plant.

Eclipse. One of the prettiest foliage plants we know. It is new, and the flowers, which are produced in profusion, set the plant off to good advantage.

ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS.

("Mountain Rose," or "Mexican Vine.")

A lovely climber from Central Mexico, with beautiful rose-colored flowers in racemes 2 feet long. The profusion of bloom is such as to give the appearance of roses at a distance; hence its Mexican name, "Rosa de Montana," or Mountain Rose. It is described by its discoverer as the most beautiful climber he ever beheld. It is moderately hardy, with protection; the vines are killed to the ground by frost, but quickly shoot up in the spring, and develop their flowers from June till frost. We know of no climber that is handsomer in foliage or flower, and it is sure to become very popular when known. 25 cts.

ASTER.

(Summer Chrysanthemum.)

Beautiful summer-blooming chrysanthemum-like flowers of all shades of blue, pink, crimson and white. Mixed colors from best strains. 10c. ea., 75c. per doz.

ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM.

Valuable as a decorative plant, being suitable either for the greenhouse, parlor or dinner-table. The foliage is bright grass-green, beautifully striped and margined with creamy white. 20 cts.

ANTIRRHINUM.

(Snapdragon.)

We offer this year an unusually fine lot of Antirrhinums, seedlings from seeds saved from the finest and most beautiful flaked, mottled and striped varieties in cultivation. 10 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.



AGERATUM. (See page 15.)



AZALEA INDICA.

AZALEA INDICA.

A greenhouse plant, with flowers unsurpassed for beauty, of rich colors, and borne in large clusters above the small leaves. The plants bloom from January to April. If selection of varieties is left to us we cannot fail to please. Our stock of single and double Azaleas in white, variegated, or solid colors is unusually fine this year. We offer large, fine plants, full of buds, for from \$1.50 up to \$2.

AGERATUM.

A native of Texas, but still greatly admired for its freedom of bloom, besides furnishing a color rare among flowers, namely, blue. Also good for winter blooming.

Price, except where noted, 10 cts. each. 75 cts. per doz.

John Douglas. Dwarf; blue; very compact.

Variegatum. Beautiful variegated leaves.

White Cap. New. The best white variety.

The Mayflower. New; dark blue; fine for carpet bedding.

Tapis Blue. This is the best blue Ageratum for bedding, etc., yet produced, being dwarf and compact in habit and extremely free flowering; superior to Cope's Pet. 15 cts.

ALOES.

Cactus-like plants, desirable for rock-work or for the house. 25 cts.

ALTERNANTHERA.

Low-spreading plants, with slender and bright-colored foliage. Useful for ornamental bedding, ribbon lines, borders, etc.

10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz.

Aurea nana. Bright golden yellow under the sun of summer; very dwarf and compact.

Parychoides major. This and Aurea Nana form the two great bedding varieties of this climate. Leaves crimson, green and straw color.

ALOYSIA CITRIODORA.

(Lemon Verbena.)

A shrubby plant, with fragrant, lemon-scented leaves, useful in bouquets and vases of cut-flowers; can be kept from year to year in increasing beauty. 10 cts.

ALYSSUM, SWEET.

A useful class of plants for hanging-baskets, vases, pots, bedding out or winter-blooming, producing fragrant white flowers in great abundance. 10 cts. each. 75 cts. per dozen.

AMARYLLIS.

An interesting class of plants desirable for growing in pots or the open ground, producing showy flowers that are attractive and handsome. They require abundant moisture when growing, but at their season of rest water should be given sparingly.

Belladonna Major. White and rose. A free and continuous bloomer, hardy and quite attractive. 25 c.

Equestre. This beautiful flower is a bright salmon-pink, with a distinct snow-white blotch at the base of petals. It is a remarkably free-flowering variety, and its striking and beautiful effect makes it wonderfully attractive and satisfactory for house-blooming; it grows as well in pots as when planted outside. 25 cts.

Formosissima. (Jacobean Lily.) Crimson-velvet blooms; the plant flowers early in summer. The flowers have a most graceful and charming appearance, and are distinct in form from those of other Amaryllis. The genus is sometimes classed as Sprekelia. The roots are kept like dahlias during winter. 20 cts.

Fine Hybrids of Johnsonii. These are very showy and admirably adapted for pot-culture, blooming almost every two months. The flowers are brilliant vermilion, striped with white. The bulbs must be kept at rest for two or three months every year, or planted in open ground every summer. Price, according to size, 50 cts., 75 cts., \$1 and \$1.50.

Treatiæ (*Zephyranthes*.) A native of Florida, known also as the Fairy Lily. The flowers are pure white, and sweet-scented; the bulbs are quite small; 4 or 5 of them should be grown together in a 5 or 6-inch pot. They may also be bedded out in a rich, partially shaded spot in the garden where they will bloom as well or better than in pots, 10 cts. each, 3 for 25 cts.



AMARYLLIS JOHNSONII.



BEGONIA METALLICA.

BEGONIAS.

Treated as geraniums and many other pot-plants, Begonias will be a failure. So many ladies have failed with their Begonias that many of them are discouraged, and do not care to be "bothered with them any more." Yet, when once you learn their requirements, they can be grown as easily as weeds. They need plenty of pot room, good drainage, moist soil and atmosphere, and but little sun. Never put them in the sun or wind, though they need light. Use two-thirds of rich potting soil and one-third coarse, clean sand. Water them frequently, and sprinkle the benches or floor, or keep a pan of water in the room to prevent the air from becoming dry.

Price, except where noted, 10 cts. each.

Vernon. This excellent variety is of unusual merit as a bedding sort, flowering as freely when planted out as when grown as a pot plant. It begins flowering when first planted, and continues throughout the whole season until stopped by frost. Foliage rich, glossy green, often shaded with deep bronze. The flowers on first opening are deep red, changing to a beautiful, clear rose when fully open. It thrives everywhere, and is destined to become one of the most popular bedding plants. 20 cts.

President Carnot. A remarkably strong-growing variety, of stiff, upright habit; foliage very large, flowers beautiful coral red, in large, pendent panicles similar to Rubra, but very much larger. 25 cts.

Alba picta. A perfectly distinct new variety. It is shrubby in habit and of compact growth, having long, slender pointed leaves on short stems. The leaves are glossy green, thickly spotted with silvery white, the spots graduating in size from the center toward the margin.

Alba perfecta grandiflora. This variety closely resembles *Begonia rubra* in foliage and growth; it has beautiful pure white blossoms.

Argentea guttata. A cross between Olbia and Alba Picta, with the silvery blotches of Alba Picta and the form and beauty of Olbia. Purple-bronze leaves, oblong in shape, with silvery markings; white flowers borne on the tips of the stems. 15 cts.

Digswelliana. Flowers dark crimson, center pink; a very free bloomer and a beautiful variety.

Dreggii. Pure white flowers, freely produced; foliage fine; a very pretty sort.

Lobata variegata. Glossy green foliage, covered with small white spots; a fine, erect grower. 15 cts.

Metallica. A fine, erect-growing Begonia, with dark, rough leaves; the surface is lustrous bronze-green; veins depressed and dark red; a free-bloomer. The panicles of unopened buds are bright red, with a surface like plush; when open the flower is waxen pink. A splendid house plant. 15 cts.

Marguerite. Somewhat like Metallica, but more bushy in form; leaves bronzy green; large trusses of light rose-colored flowers freely produced. A better market variety than Metallica. 15 cts.

Ricinifolia. Very large, palmate leaves and showy rose-purple flowers; stems red; leaves silvery, marked with dark green. 25 cts.

Rubra. This is one of the finest acquisitions to our winter-flowering plants; the leaves are dark green, the flowers large, ruby red, glossy and wax-like. This peculiarity is so marked that when plants are potted singly in a room the glossy appearance of the leaves and flowers gives the idea that they are artificial. Popular wherever known. 15 cts.

Rubella. A very ornamental Indian species; leaves blotched with red on a pallid ground. Ribs banded with purplish-brown, under surface red.

Semperflorens gigantea rosea. A superb variety, of strong, upright growth; fine, large flowers of a clear, cardinal-red, the bud only exceeded in beauty by the open flower, which is borne on a strong, thick stem. The leaves are smooth, glossy and upright-growing, forming a shrubby, round plant. 15 cts.

Schmidtii. A new variety, with bronze-colored leaves; of dwarf, dense growth, with a profusion of rosy white flowers.

Weltoniensis. Exceedingly fine, of shrubby habit, with strong green leaves and bright crimson stems; flowers waxen pink, very profuse in winter and summer; a desirable sort; stands the sun well.

Washingtoniana alba. Immense panicles of pure white flowers and fine, glossy leaves; a good winter bloomer.

REX BEGONIA SPECULATA.

Quite a novelty. Leaves are in the form of a grape leaf, and are bright green, with a background of chocolate; veins light pea-green, the whole leaf spotted with silver. In bloom it is magnificent; the panicles, composed of great numbers of individual pink blooms, are lifted high and spray-like quite clear of the foliage. 20 cts.

Several other varieties of Rex Begonia. 25 cts. each.



BEGONIA RUBRA.



DOUBLE BOUVARDIA.

BOUVARDIAS.

A beautiful class of shrubby plants, with corymbs of white, rose, crimson and scarlet flowers, blooming during the fall and winter.

Price, 15 cents each.

Alfred Neuner. Large, double white flowers, composed of three perfect rows of petals of the purest waxen white.

President Garfield. A sport from Alfred Neuner, with double flowers of the same size and shape, of a beautiful shade of pink.

President Cleveland. A grand single-flowered variety, with handsome, intense, dazzling scarlet flowers of large size.

Humboldtii. Long, graceful tubes, expanding into florets of purest white. By far the largest single Bouvardia, and carrying a distinct though faint odor of jasmine.

Dazzler. A splendid variety, of bushy, compact habit, producing fine clusters of attractive, moderately large, rich scarlet flowers.

Elegans. Extra large flowers of light scarlet-carmine. One of the best and most satisfactory single varieties.

Hogarthi fl. pl. A beautiful new double variety, with light scarlet-carmine flowers of extra large size. A valuable sort for cut-flower purposes. Fully equal to the old Hogarth in size of flowers and free-blooming qualities, and yet double.

CLERODENDRON

Balfouri. A beautiful hot-house climber; flowers borne on pendent clusters; corolla dark scarlet, the tube encased in a pure white sac-like calyx. 25 cts.

Fragrans. Plant of dwarf habit; flowers pinkish white, double, attractive and very fragrant; a fine variety. 25 cts.

CARNATIONS.

Carnations are almost hardy here, and can easily be kept through the winter by slightly covering the plant with leaves or straw during the coldest weather. Young plants should be set out early in the spring, that they may become thoroughly established in the ground before our hot weather comes, otherwise they will not bloom freely through the summer. If wanted for winter blooming in the house, pinch off all buds as they appear in summer, and in October take up the plants, pot them and keep them in a moderately cool room. Water moderately, and you will have blooms nearly all winter.

Price, except where noted, 10 cts. each.

Anna Webb. A standard crimson and well-known plants of medium height; flowers large and deeply fringed.

Daybreak. Fine shape, delicate pink, on long stems.

Ferdinand Mangold. Flowers very large and perfectly formed; brilliant dark red, shaded with richest maroon; petals fringed. 15 cts.

Ferd. Creighton. Color soft pink; flowers very large, fringed and on long stems; a very desirable sort. 20 cts.

Golden Gate. Color rich yellow, entirely free from markings; flowers very large and double, borne on long stems. Unlike some other yellows, this variety is easily handled, and is a good grower and continuous bloomer. 15 cts.



A WELL-GROWN CARNATION.

CARNATIONS, continued.

Golden Triumph. Light yellow, very slightly streaked with pink; flowers produced in large clusters, each one having a good stem. 20 cts.

Hinze's White. One of the finest white Carnations in cultivation; flowers very large, and of perfect shape; white, with a delicate creamy tint; rich clove fragrance; a continuous bloomer.

Puritan. Finest white flowers of extra large size; very fragrant; an early and continuous bloomer. 15c.

J. J. Harrison. Flowers of the most perfect shape and enormous size; color a pearly white, delicately streaked with rosy carmine.

J. R. Freeman. Large, crimson, fringed; long stems. 20 cts.

President Garfield. A strong-growing, bushy Carnation; fine blood-crimson, petals shell-shaped. A very abundant bloomer, and fine market pot Carnation.

Lizzie McGowan. Pure white; remarkable for its keeping qualities and size of blooms, which are 2 to 3 inches in diameter. 15 cts.

Mrs. Fisher. An excellent variety, introduced last year; growth erect, style neat; generally considered one of the most promising new sorts; flowers white, on long stems, and of fine form.

Portia. The most intensely bright scarlet, with a vigorous constitution, having not the slightest tendency to dry up; flowers of good size and freely produced; now a standard variety.

Paxton. White, pencilled with scarlet; very free and easy; a good fancy variety.

Silver Spray. From the time we first introduced this Carnation we have never heard one word of fault found with it, but all have sung its praises. It has been good not only in this locality, but also in every part of the country, north, south, east and west. Indeed, so great has been its success that we feel justified in calling it the best white Carnation ever sent out. The flowers are pure silvery white, long-stemmed, and never burst the calyx; plant wonderfully free-blooming.

Tidal Wave. The Pink of Pinks for cut-flower growers; the color is a very bright pink, shaded with salmon on first opening, but growing somewhat lighter when fully expanded; we cannot recommend this sort too highly to all cut-flower growers. 15 cts.

Sunrise. Orange, flaked with carmine; a good, reliable old sort.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

One of the most striking ornamental foliage plants in cultivation, either for pot or lawn planting, a full-size plant being 4 or 5 feet in height, with immense leaves. The roots should be preserved in dry sand in the cellar during winter. They will grow in any good garden soil. 25 cts; extra-large, 50 cts.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.



COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA.

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA.

The flowers are from 2 to 3 inches in diameter, of an intense golden yellow, and borne at the end of long, straight stems 10 to 16 inches long. Being perfectly hardy, the plant can remain in the same place for years. 10 cts.

COCCOLOBA PLATYCLADA.

A plant of very singular and interesting growth; stem and branches growing in flat, broad joints; well suited for vases and rustic baskets. 10 cts.

CALLA.

Ethiopica. The well-known Egyptian Lily, with large, white flowers and broad leaves; of the very easiest culture, and always satisfactory, especially as a house-plant. Dry bulbs, that will bloom well, 25 cts.; blooming plants in pots, 50 to 75 cts.

New Dwarf Calla, "Little Gem." A new variety of dwarf habit; more compact and strong, and a much better bloomer than the old, well known variety. 50c.

Spotted Calla (Richardia albo-maculata). The leaves in this species are spotted with white, thus making it an ornamental plant, even when out of flower. The spathe is smaller than in the preceding, and purplish in the throat. Dormant tubers, 20 cts. each.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS.

A grass-like plant, sending up stems to the height of about two feet, surmounted by a cluster or whorl of leaves diverging horizontally, giving the plant a very curious appearance. Fine for center of baskets, vases or Wardian cases, or as a water-plant. 25 and 50 cts.

CUPHEA.

Platycentra. A choice well-known everblooming plant, growing about 12 inches high. A fine pot-plant, useful for bedding in front lines in flower borders. It is of neat habit, and bright the entire season with a mass of scarlet tubular, pendulous flowers. 10 cts.

Hyssopiæfolia. A neat plant, always in bloom; flowers purplish lilac. 10 cts.



CANNAS.

Probably no class of plants has grown so rapidly in general favor in the last year or two as have the Cannas, and deservedly so, for no plant has been so much improved. A few years ago Cannas were grown only for their foliage—the blooms were scarcely thought of—but now they have perhaps the showiest blossoms to be found among summer-blooming plants. All who visited the World's Fair last summer will appreciate this, as not even the most casual observer could fail to be strongly impressed with the beauty of these magnificent bedding plants. To such it is only necessary to state that the following varieties are the very cream of those on exhibition at the Fair. We strongly urge all our Texas friends to try them; you will not be disappointed. Give them rich soil, plenty of water and a sunny location, and you will be surprised and delighted at the results. Those offered below are only the best

varieties in cultivation. We have a good assortment of the best older varieties, but have not space here to give descriptions.

Capt. P. Suzzoni. The best yellow Canna for bedding introduced so far. It has almost as large a flower as Mad. Crozy, and a very large spike of bloom. The slight mottling of scarlet is such that it intensifies the brilliancy of the yellow, instead of detracting from it. There is a great demand for yellow Cannas, and this one has a distinct habit of growth, the foliage very nearly approaching the banana. A bronze medal was awarded this Canna at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 50 cts.

Alphonse Bouvier. This is the grandest Canna for bedding outdoors introduced up to this time. It is a very luxuriant grower, becoming considerably taller than Mad. Crozy, and blooms freer than that variety. In good ground and under good cultivation the plant will grow 8 feet high. It begins to bloom very early, and is one continuous mass of crimson the entire season. The tips of the shoots are surmounted by immense clusters of bright crimson flowers of the very largest size, and nothing can exceed their brilliancy. The variety has a peculiar habit of drooping the flower cluster a trifle as the second flowering shoot begins to push above the first, and the shoots flower two, three or more times, one after the other, a large plant in bloom sometimes showing as many as 30 or 40 of these large, brilliant clusters of flowers. For general bedding purposes it surpasses Mad. Crozy. Upon being tried last season, this was questioned; but trial has convinced even the most skeptical that no other variety approached it for grandeur and effectiveness when bedded in masses. As a pot-plant for greenhouse cultivation, it is not so desirable, on account of its taller growth. Awarded a bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 40 cts.

Chicago, 1893. 40 cts.

Paul Marquant. Distinct and beautiful. Those who have seen it in our houses and at the World's Fair consider it preferable to any other variety, not excepting Mad. Crozy, on account of its beauty



A BED OF THE NEW CANNAS.



Don't Miss our
World's Fair
Cannas.



CANNA—Paul Marquant, continued.

and profusion of bloom, as no variety sends up so many flower stems as this. The individual flowers are larger than in any other variety, and the flower-spike is very large, each flower standing out separately by itself. The flower is as fine as the finest orchid. The color might be described as bright salmon with a carmine tint. The flower has a silvery luster, which glitters and lightens it up with a silvery sheen, making the salmon of the flower very brilliant. Some have described it as apricot—a shade fashionable just now. For greenhouse culture it is one of the finest of all, as the growth is not so tall as in the two preceding sorts. Awarded a bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 40 cts.

One of each of the three preceding sorts for \$1.10.

Florence Vaughan. The best yellow spotted Canna introduced up to the present time; color lemon yellow, spotted with bright red. The size and form of the flower are by far the best to date. It is a strong, robust grower, with flowers of the largest size, borne in large heads; blooms freely, and will be very satisfactory. Awarded bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 75 cts.

J. D. Cabot. Dark greenish-maroon foliage, with a bronze metallic luster. Flowers bright orange or apricot, sometimes brightened with a pinkish tinge. One of the most distinct of all Cannas, and one of the very finest, being a fine grower and a very early, profuse, continuous bloomer. Flowers of the largest size, and of a color distinct and pleasing. One of the best all-round Cannas introduced to date, one that cannot fail to please; sure to prove a standard sort for many years to come. Awarded a bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 50 cts.

Paul Bruant. One of the freest blooming sorts of all, throwing flowers well above the foliage. The head of bloom is not so perfect as in some of the others, but the color is very distinct and conspicuous—an exceedingly brilliant orange-scarlet, satiny in texture, that lights up and seems to reflect the sunlight—an intense color. Large heads of flowers of the largest size; of dwarf habit; foliage green, edged with purple. A free bloomer, good bedder, and one of the most distinct sorts. Awarded a bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 50 cts.

Mad. Crozy. Flowers flaming scarlet, bordered with gold. This is now well known, and is still an ideal sort in every way. When the large size of the flowers and the large heads of bloom are taken in connection with the freedom with which the plant blooms, this will be found one of the most attractive plants imaginable for bedding. We have reduced the price this season so as to be within reach of all. If you spend only a dollar for flowers this year, be sure to buy one or two Mad. Crozy Cannas. 25 cts. each, five for \$1.

Star of '91. More dwarf than Mad. Crozy, and valuable on this account. A mass of scarlet when in bloom, but the individual flowers are not nearly so perfect as Mad. Crozy's. It is an elegant pot-plant, and will bloom in the house in winter splendidly, for which purpose it is admirably suited. Its attractiveness and ease of culture, certainty of doing well, etc., make it a plant we can recommend, knowing that it will please all buyers. 25 cts.

Francois Crozy. This variety is identical with Mad. Crozy in habit and general style of growth, but the flowers are bright orange, bordered with a narrow edge of gold—one of the most desirable combinations that could be secured. The plants are somewhat dwarfer than Mad. Crozy, and are fairly covered with flowers. Awarded bronze medal at World's Fair, Chicago, 1893. 25 cts.

Explorateur Crambel Cardinal-red, with bright crimson splashes, marked and blended through the cardinal. Large spikes of bloom; extra fine flowers. 35 cts.

OLDER CANNAS.

We can furnish a good assortment of named varieties of the best of the older sorts, many of which are truly beautiful. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

CEREUS GRANDIFLORUS.

(Night-Blooming Cereus.)

Flowers straw color, 9 to 11 inches across, remarkable for beauty and sweetness; they begin to open about 7 P. M., and continue until after midnight. 15 c.

CESTRUM PARQUI.

(Night-Blooming Jasmine.)

A plant of strong, shrubby growth, with small greenish white blossoms, having a delightful odor, which is dispensed freely during the night only; of easy cultivation. 15 to 25 cts.



CESTRUM PARQUI.



COLEUS.

COLEUS.

The principal plant used in making bright-colored beds in summer, and the easiest grown. Their varied tints of crimson, gold, bronze and green, richly veined, blotched or margined, produce brilliant effects of coloring unequaled by any other plant. For making large beds we grow great numbers of four varieties of distinct colors, each the best grower of its color, namely: *Speciosa*, *Setting Sun*, *Tesselata* and *Verschaffeltii*. Parties desiring large beds would do well to correspond with us early. We can furnish them at very low figures, if we get the order early enough. Should not be planted earlier than March.

Price, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen.

Captivation. Deeply-toothed bright green leaves, with a feathered center of sulphur-yellow which is flushed with a pale tint of rosy purple.

Flambeau. Richly colored and exceedingly attractive; the leaves have a broad surface of rich, velvety maroon, with bar of bright magenta, bordered by a narrow edge of olive.

Firebrand. Maroon, flamed and shaded with brilliant fiery red.

Golden Bedder. Bright golden yellow.

Garfield. Maroon-crimson, mottled white and green.

John Goode. Yellow.

Glare. Velvety crimson, green-margined.

Kentish Fire. Bright carmine; crimson and green serrated edge.

Midnight. Maroon, flamed with crimson.

Mrs. Cooper. Golden yellow, green margined.

Mrs. J. Schultz. Bright golden yellow ground, with bright scarlet and carmine markings.

Negro. Very dark foliage.

Progress. Dark olive green, blotched with purple, crimson and gold; the most distinct sort yet introduced.

Setting Sun. Rich bronze crimson; golden edge.

Speciosa. Green, with light yellow center.

Spotted Gem. Yellow, blotched with crimson, green and orange; very effective.

Tesselata. Evenly margined with green and yellow; a strong grower.

Verschaffeltii. Rich velvety crimson; one of the best for bedding out.

DOUBLE FEVERFEW.

(*Pyrethrum*.)

This is the well-known double white Feverfew, so valuable for cut-flowers and suitable for pot or garden culture; the blossoms are freely borne on stems 18 inches high. They produce immense crops of double daisy-like flowers all through the summer. 10 cts.

FERNS.

Ferns are the lightest and most graceful of cultivated plants. The fresh, transparent green of their fronds, as well as their charming grace, make them beautiful window ornaments. Keep them out of direct sunlight, and give water carefully, that the delicate roots lying near the surface may never become seriously dry. Select varieties, including the best sorts, 25 cts.

GLADIOLUS.

The Gladiolus is the most beautiful of summer-blooming bulbs, and has tall spikes of flowers, some two feet or more in height; often several spikes spring from the same bulb. The flowers are of almost every desirable color—brilliant scarlet, crimson, creamy white, striped, blotched and spotted in the most curious manner. Set the bulbs from 6 to 9 inches apart and about 4 inches deep, planting from March 15 to June 1. It is a good plan to plant them at two or three different times, 10 days or 2 weeks apart. In the fall, before hard frost, take up the bulbs, remove the tops, leave them to dry in the air for a few days, and store secure from the frost; they will be ready for good service another year. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per dozen.



GLADIOLUS.

FUCHSIAS.

The Fuchsia is probably the most graceful and beautiful of all window-plants, and has an elegance peculiar to itself. The drooping blossoms of various forms, sizes and colors, and the clean, healthy foliage, give the plant a grace and neatness which is unsurpassed. Fuchsias do best when planted in pots and plunged in the ground along the north side of a fence or building during summer, where they will flower nicely, and can be lifted and brought in for winter without retarding their growth or bloom.

Price, except where noted, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Aurora. Single; tube and sepal large and scarlet; corolla rosy plum color.

Abbe Garnier. Double; sepals red; corolla short, violet-blue, marked with bright rose blotches; extra fine. 15 cts.

Avalanche. Double; violet-purple corolla; bright carmine tube and sepals.

Bulgarie. Large red sepals and large, perfect, single corolla.

Bank's Glory. Sepals long, strongly reflexed, tube and sepals rich scarlet, corolla purple.

Brilliant. Sepals flesh-color, corolla crimson; a very free bloomer; extra-fine.

Cervantes. Plant of splendid habit; sepals bright rose; double corolla, rose mauve, bordered with blue. 15 cts.

Dream. Corolla deep blue, double; sepals red.

Enfante Prodigue. Corolla double purple.

Jupiter. A new French variety, said by the introducer to be superior to Phenomenal. The plant is a tall grower; the leaves are dark green, with veins of bright crimson. The flowers are as large as in Phenomenal, more compact, and the petals have more depth; sepals bright scarlet; rich velvet-purple corolla. A profuse bloomer. 20 cts.

Mrs. Marshall. White tube and sepals; bright rosy scarlet corolla; flowers large and bold; a free bloomer and grower; extra for winter and summer.

Molesworth. Sepals red, recurved, large; an extra good double white. 15 cts.

President Carnot. Free flowering; of splendid habit; corolla double, violet; sepals wine-red.

Rose of Castile. Sepals blush-pink; violet corolla; the best summer bloomer.

Sapaly Freres. Sepals coral-red; corolla double, violet and carmine.

HOYA CAR-NOSA.

(Wax-Plant.)

A climbing plant with thick, fleshy leaves, bearing flesh-colored, star-shaped flowers; one of the best plants for house cult-

ure, as it stands the extremes of heat and cold better than most plants, and is not easily injured by neglect. 25 cts.

HELIOTROPES.

These plants are universal favorites, on account of their delightful fragrance. They flower equally well as bedding-plants in summer or as pot-plants in winter.

Price, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Evening Star. Light blue; very fragrant; a profuse bloomer, and one of the best varieties for outdoor culture.

Mad. de Blonay. Large truss; nearly pure white.

L'Albatross. Beautiful close panicles; the flowers have a large white center, bordered with violet.

La Tosca. Large flowers; lilac-rose and white; beautifully formed, large panicles.

Jersey Beauty. The best purple.

President Garfield. Dark purple.

Violet Queen. Deepest violet-purple, with long, almost pure white eye; very fragrant; plant of vigorous habit and very floriferous; new.

White Lady. A strong growing, free-branching plant, and a very profuse bloomer; flowers large and pure white.

Mad. Bruant. Flowers extremely large; bright lavender.



FUCHSIA, "JUPITER."



DOUBLE GERANIUM.

GERANIUMS.

The Geranium is too well known to need any description or praise. The fact that it is found in every collection of plants, whether in pots or in the open ground, among the rich and among the poor, attests its popularity with flower-lovers, and its adaptability to almost every soil and condition. It is especially valuable as a bedding plant in the South, where the continuous hot sun often parches up more tender bedding plants. The hotter the sun the better Geraniums seem to bloom; never plant them in the shade. For winter blooming in the house the plants should be grown in pots all summer, and every bud pinched off. In September repot with good, rich soil, using as small a pot as will comfortably accommodate the roots. Give them a warm, sunny place, and water thoroughly when dry, but never water until the soil in the pot is dry, and you will have plenty of blossoms all winter. Plants that have bloomed in the open ground all summer cannot produce many blooms in winter when taken up, because of their exhausted vitality.

We think our collection of Geraniums cannot be excelled in the South. For several years we have bought the new varieties as they have been sent out, and we find a marked improvement in the new sorts every season.

Price for strong, healthy plants from 2 1/2-3 inch pots, except where noted, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz. Plants from 3-inch pots, \$1 per doz; 4-inch pots, \$1.50 per doz.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Alfred Bel. Salmon-rose, center lighter; plant of excellent habit.

Amelia Baltat. White.

Apple Blossom. Rosy salmon-pink.

Alba perfecta. White, tinged with pink.

B. F. Wade. Deepest crimson.

Boule de Neige. Pure white.

Beaute Poitevine. Very large semi-double flowers, borne in immense trusses. A very free bloomer, either as a pot-plant or bedder. It has no equal of the same color—brilliant salmon, very clear at the borders. 20 cts.

Contrast. Flowers and trusses very large; lower petals orange and carmine; upper and center petals clear orange. 15 cts.

Coquette. White.

Chas. Darwin. Rich violet-purple.

Candidissima. Pure white.

De Brazza. Bright orange-madder; large truss and leaf.

Delobel. Bright scarlet.

Depute Lafize. Dark crimson; very double.

Dr. Phinney. Intense scarlet, shaded crimson.

Dr. Jacoby. Enormous trusses of large, double flowers of clear nankeen-salmon. A free-blooming bedder, unsurpassed in its color. Try it. 15 cts.

General Grant. Semi-double; dazzling scarlet.

Etta. Bright crimson.

Ernest Lauth. Deep violet; large truss.

GERANIUMS—Double, continued.

Etoile de Roses. Beautiful bright china-rose.
Frattella Ferraris. Bright orange-apricot.
Gen. de Courcy. Enormous sized spherical trusses; flowers very full; brick-red in the center, changing to salmon-rose, marked with white.

Gloire de France. Large, round florets of waxy appearance; color carmine and white, with carmine center, each petal delicately edged with carmine. 15 c.

Gambetta. Dark red.

Gen. Billot. Rosy scarlet.

Hero de Usagara. Orange-crimson.

J. Y. Murkland. Rose center, margined white.
L'Epreuve. Semi-double flowers of clear carmine, changing to dark carmine; base of petals pure white. Plant short-jointed and free-blooming.

Lena Woods. Crimson-scarlet.

La Favorite. Trusses very large; florets of the most beautiful and perfect form, and of the very purest, snowiest white in color. 15 cts.

L'Orangere. Large, perfect flowers of pure bright orange.

Loveliness. Pure white.

Mad. Guillot. Color a very distinct and beautiful china-rose. 15 cts.

Mad. Guilbert. Very large florets, borne in immense trusses; a very beautiful, pure rose color. An extra fine Geranium. 15 cts.

Mad. Hoste. Color flesh, shaded white and salmon. One of the finest Geraniums in cultivation; very rich in effect. 20 cts.

M. Hardy. Large flower, of lilac and tender rose.

Mrs. John Thorpe. Scarlet, shaded with maroon.

M. Zeller. Crimson.

Orange Perfection. Enormous trusses of orange-vermilion flowers; a constant bloomer out of doors or in pots.

Princess d'Anhalt. Pure white; truss large and fine. 15 cts.

Remarkable. Bright crimson, very free; good truss.

White Swan. A perfect double pure white variety, remarkably free in bloom.

SINGLE GERANIUMS.

Bishop Simpson. A very large variety, with large trusses of rich salmon flowers.

Francois Arago. Flowers finely formed, and borne on strong footstalks; silvery salmon, shaded with peach. 15 cts.

Gen. Grant. Dazzling scarlet; a large truss; one of the best.

Jumbo. Immense trusses of velvety crimson. One of the finest.

Jealousy. Orange-scarlet.

Master Christine. Bright rosy pink, with light-colored center; the best of its color; a fine bedder and equally good for winter blooming.

Mrs. Garfield. Pure white.

M. de Baffley. Large, bright apricot trusses.

Newland's Mary. Clear pink; very similar to Master Christine.

Poete Nationale. Delicate pink, deepening to soft peach-bloom. 15 cts.

Queen of the West. Bright orange scarlet; large trusses; a free bloomer. Still at the head of the list for bedding purposes.

Reflector. Very bright scarlet, with large pure white eye.

Souv. de Mirande. The greatest novelty in new Geraniums that has appeared for a number of years. It is entirely distinct from any other variety known, and quite different from the usual marked varieties that have from time to time made their appearance. Round florets, cream-white upper petals, with a distinct rosy pink border, lower petals salmon-rose, streaked with pure white. It is extremely free-flowering, and produces fine trusses of magnificent bloom. 15 cts.

IVY-LEAVED GERANIUMS.

Bastien Lepage. Very large, semi-double flowers of rosy mauve, upper petals lightly veined with purple. A grand variety.

Camille Flammarion. Large, full, cup-shaped flowers, of deep rose color; plant very free-flowering, of fine habit. 15 cts.

Count Horace de Choiseul. Flowers of grand size, two inches across, petals imbricated; pale blush, bordered with salmon.

Flourens. Flowers irregular, very large and double; petals large, salmon, heavily shaded with rose.

Galilee. A magnificent French variety, of sterling merit; the most magnificent Ivy Geranium of the day. Flowers light rosy pink, veined with lilac. 15 cts.

Jeanne d'Arc. Flowers very large, double and of the purest white; of fine spreading habit and free-flowering; distinct and fine. 15 cts.

Mon. Premier. Satin-rose, with white center, on the style of Count Horace de Choiseul.

SCENTED GERANIUMS.

Apple. The most delightful of all scented Geraniums. Foliage round, smooth and large, with pure apple fragrance. A strong-growing and handsome plant. Fine, large plants from seed, the true variety, 25 cts.; extra-large plants, 50 cts.

Balm. Large foliage, deliciously fragrant.

Lemon. Delightful lemon odor.

Mrs. Taylor. Foliage not very fragrant, but beautiful; flowers scarlet, in good clusters, like a small pelargonium; blooms very freely and constantly.

Nutmeg. Small leaves, resembling those of the Apple-scented Geranium.

Oak. Leaves marked with black.

Ottar of Rose. One of the sweetest-scented Geraniums.

Orange. Quite a desirable novelty. Odor that of a ripe orange. 20 cts.

Rose-Scented. Two kinds; one with a broad leaf, and another more finely cut.

Shrubland Pet. A bushy grower, with very fine foliage, beautiful and fragrant; flowers rose-colored.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED, SILVER-LEAVED GERANIUM.

Mrs. Parker. In this beautiful variety we have the only double-flowering form of the silver-leaved section. The foliage is deep-green, with a broad border and margin of pure snow-white; the flower is perfectly double, and of a clear, bright pink. In color it is an exact counterpart of that grand variety Centaur. The foliage and flower together make it one of the most unique and beautiful plants lately introduced. 25 cts.



IVY-LEAVED GERANIUM.



HIBISCUS.

HIBISCUS.

A rapid-growing, tropical shrub with rich, glossy foliage and large, showy blossoms. It blooms freely through our hottest weather, and is one of the most satisfactory plants for this climate.

Price, except where noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Collerii. Double flowers; buff-yellow, with a scarlet base; very distinct. A new variety from the South Sea Islands.

Dennisonii. (Single.) The most distinct of all Hibiscus. On account of the difficulty in propagating, it will always be scarce. Delicate carmine, changing to pure white as the flower gets older. 20 cts.

Decorous. (Single.) Foliage very large and lobed. Flowers enormous, on long stems, beautiful rosy carmine; stamens and pistils very showy; the stigma is large, circular and golden yellow. 20 cts.

Grandiflora. Rich, glossy foliage, with crimson-scarlet flowers.

Miniatus. Semi-double flowers, brilliant vermilion-scarlet. Very handsome.

Sub-violaceus. The largest-flowering of the Hibiscus family. A beautiful shade of bright crimson, tinted with violet.

Versicolor. Very large single flowers, beautifully striped with crimson, rose and white.

Schizopetalus. A beautiful and distinct kind, with drooping, pendulous, reflected, orange red and lacinated petals; highly valuable for training to the pillars of greenhouses; of climbing habit. 20 cts.

Zebrinus. (Double.) Petals scarlet, edged and striped with creamy yellow and white. A unique variety. 20 cts.

IPOMŒA NOCTIFLORA.

(Evening-Glory or Moon-Flower.)

This still continues one of the most popular vines in existence. For easy culture, rapid growth and freedom of bloom it certainly has no equal. The flowers are pure white, 6 inches in diameter, and open at night and on dull days. The demand exceeded our supply last spring, but we think we shall be able to fill all orders this season. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

IPOMŒA LEARII.

This handsome new climber, a native of Ceylon, has large, deep azure-blue flowers with crimson bars, and is frequently called the "Blue Moon-Flower." When grown with the white one, the contrast is striking and very effective. If you want something really handsome, buy this. 20 cts.

IVY.

English. The well-known evergreen climber; quite hardy. 10 to 25 cts.

Senecio scandens. (German or Parlor Ivy.) A more rapid-growing and more succulent kind, well adapted for covering trellis-work quickly, or training in the parlor; leaves glossy green and flowers yellow, in clusters. 10 cts.

Kenilworth Ivy (*Linaria cymbalaria*). A neat and delicate plant of trailing habit, with small, bright green, ivy-shaped leaves and diminutive, light violet-colored flowers; well adapted for hanging baskets, vases, etc. 10 cts.

JASMINE.

Grand Duke. Easily grown; flowers double, creamy white, very fragrant. 25 to 50 cents.

Catalonian. Foliage fine; flowers white, star-shaped, very fragrant; hardy. 10 to 25 cts.

Cape. Flower large, white, very fragrant; foliage rich and glossy. 25 to 50 cts.

Lemon Verbena. See *Aloysia Citriodora*.



IPOMŒA



PARIS DAISY.

LOBELIA.

A beautiful dwarf plant, with dark blue flowers, suitable for baskets, rockeries or planting in the open ground. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz.

LANTANA.

The Lantana is now becoming so generally cultivated that we rank it as one of the most important summer bedding plants. It thrives well in the hottest sun when many other plants suffer with the heat and drouth, affording a profusion of flowers in all the most delicate shades of orange, sulphur, creamy white and lilac.

Price, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., except where noted.

Aurantiaca. Large orange-red flowers.

Alba perfecta. White; very fine.

Delicatissima. Flowers lilac pink; plant of trailing habit, neat-growing; one of the very prettiest sorts. 15 cts.

Golden Ball. Bright orange flowers, borne in large round trusses; one of the best bedders.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM.

(Ice Plant.)

Suitable for rock-work, hanging baskets, vases, etc. 10 cts.

MADEIRA VINE.

A rapid-climbing plant, with thick, glossy green foliage and fine white, fragrant flowers. 10 cts.



PANSY, HALF SIZE.

MANETTIA BICOLOR.

A rapid and beautiful climber. The flowers are from an inch to an inch and a half in length, of a most intensely bright scarlet, shading into flame, tipped with deep golden yellow, and covered with a thick scarlet moss. The brilliancy of the flowers is greatly enhanced by the waxen green leaves, and the blossoms remain on the plants for weeks before falling. A great winter bloomer. Send to us and get plants of the genuine stock. We can usually send them in bloom. Fine plants, 20 cts. each, six for \$1.

MAURANDYA.

A pretty climbing plant, with graceful foliage and handsome purple trumpet-shaped flowers. 10 cts.

PANSY.

The Pansy is one of the most pleasing and satisfactory plants to grow. It comes into bloom in February, and continues until July and August. Should be planted in very rich soil, and watered freely. Our plants this season are from seed of the very largest flowers and brightest colors. Order a dozen or a hundred of our plants, and see how easily cultivated and how beautiful a bed of these new Pansies will be. 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per dozen, \$3 per 100.

TRIFOLIATE
ORANGE.**PARIS DAISIES.**

(Marguerites.)

Very profitable for cut-flowers. Always in demand, and easily handled. 10 cts. each.

White. Best white, having a ray of white petals around a salmon disk; splendid for cut-flowers.

Yellow. (Etoile d'Or.) Golden yellow, of fine form and large size; prized for corsage bouquets.

THE TRIFOLIATE ORANGE.

This new hardy Orange delights all who like beautiful and novel hardy plants. An Orange tree, growing vigorously on the lawn or in the garden, blooming and fruiting in abundance, is certainly a rare sight. The beautiful little trees are entirely hardy in the open ground as far North as Boston. They are of dwarf, symmetrical growth, with glossy-green trifoliate leaves. The lovely pure white blossoms are elegantly perfumed, and borne in constant succession. The fruit is small, bright red in color, and very curious. 15 cts. each.

NASTURTIUM.

A desirable plant for rock-work, vases, trellises, etc. Bright and showy. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.

OTAHEITE DWARF ORANGE.

Among the new varieties of Orange that have been recently introduced from Japan and other countries, there is one dwarf free-flowering variety which is suitable for pot culture, and which will prove with any one one of the most desirable pot plants it is possible to possess; we refer to the Japanese Otaheite. While it will grow 3 or 4 feet high and branch freely, it is not uncommon to see little cutting plants, 5 or 6 inches high, full of bloom, and even bearing one or two medium-sized Oranges. The fruits at their best are not more than half the size of an ordinary Orange, but are very bright and beautiful in color and delicious in quality. Its flowers more than its fruit commend the plant to general cultivation. It blooms so profusely that it seems to be all flowers. The pure waxen-white blossoms emit a delicate yet powerful fragrance. 25 cts. each.

PETUNIAS, DOUBLE.

These splendid flowering plants have been wonderfully improved in late years, and are now more attractive than ever. We keep on hand a good collection of double Petunias; some of them show flowers in the most beautiful shades of crimson, white, rose, maroon, etc.; others are blotched, striped, veined, bordered, marked and fringed in the loveliest manner imaginable. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per dozen.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

A race of plants remarkable for the brilliancy and abundance of their large terminal flowers, which completely hide the foliage; the blooms are of many colors, from pure white to deepest purple, eyed and striped. For masses of separate colors and for cutting, they are unsurpassed. Give good, rich ground, and set plants 6 inches apart. White, rose, scarlet, deep blood or mixed colors. 50 cts. per dozen.



|DOUBLE PETUNIA.



PHLOX.

PHLOX, PERENNIAL.

For some reason, the hardy Phlox is but little known in Texas. Many people had never seen them until we introduced them last season. We anticipate a great demand for them this season, as all who saw ours last year were delighted with them. They succeed well in any good, rich soil, not over dry. Our collection embraces every color, from purest white to dark crimson. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per dozen.

PILEA MUSCOSA.

(Artillery Plant.)

Graceful fern-like foliage, and quantities of very small flowers, which snap when sprinkled. 10 cts.

PINKS.

A race dwarfer than the Carnation, growing about one foot in height. The flowers are various shades of maroon, carmine and rose, beautifully laced and banded on white ground; they are perfectly double, and clove-scented. The plants will stand outdoors year after year, being entirely hardy. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per dozen.

PLUMBAGO.

Capensis. A beautiful plant, producing freely throughout the summer and fall large trusses of azure-blue flowers, which form a pleasing contrast to the numerous scarlet bedders. The plants are of neat and bushy habit, and can be trimmed into symmetrical shape. Also a fine pot-plant. 15 cts.

Alba. Pure white flowers; beautiful in contrast with the blue sort. 15 cts.

RIVINIA HUMILIS.

A beautiful plant, with racemes of small white flowers, followed by scarlet berries; in bloom and full of fruit almost the entire year. 10 cts.

RESURRECTION PLANT.

Price, 10 cents each, \$1 per dozen.



TUBEROSES.*

RUSSELLIA JUNCEA.

A splendid basket plant, of neat, slender habit, with bright scarlet, tubular flowers. 10 cts.

SALVIA.

Very popular bedder, blooming from July until cut down by frost; no other blooming plants afford more brilliant coloring. 10 cts.

Atropurpurea. Dark purplish-red; free-blooming.

Hoveyi. Grows 3 feet high, and has the habit of *S. splendens*, but its flowers are dark blue.

Marmorata nana. Dwarf grower, and profuse bloomer; flowers finely marbled scarlet and white.

Splendens. Covered in autumn with spikes of dazzling scarlet flowers.

Splendens alba. A pure white-flowered variety of the above.

Pitcherii. New; blue flowers, dwarf habit; one of the very prettiest and hardiest sorts. 15 cts.

Rutilans. Magenta-colored flowers; foliage graceful and fragrant; odor like that of the Apple Geranium.

SEDUM.

Low-growing succulent, useful for baskets, rockeries, etc., or for solid green carpet borders. Hardy. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per dozen.

SMILAX.

A pretty climbing plant, with dark, glossy green leaves; extensively used in cut-flower work, decorations, etc. Also a good parlor or basket plant. 10 cts.

SOLANUM JASMINOIDES.

A pretty climber, bearing clusters of graceful white flowers. 10 cts.

TUBEROSES.

Well-known and easily grown. The roots should be taken up in the fall, dried, separated and put away in dry sand in a warm place until spring. By covering the ground with a few inches of leaves or straw, they are frequently wintered without being moved, but the safer plan is to take them up. The bulbs we offer will produce large double flowers of the finest form and texture. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per dozen.

THE BEAUTIFUL ORCHID WATER HYACINTH.

This is undoubtedly the plant of all water plants for the masses, not only on account of its uniqueness and great beauty, but also because of the limited amount of space it occupies and the perfect ease with which it is grown. It floats on the water by means of its curiously inflated leaf-stalks, which resemble bladders or balloons filled with air. The beautiful feathery blue roots grow downward in the water in a mass. The plant forms a lovely rosette of its curious shining green leaves, and sends up spikes of exquisite flowers, resembling in form a spike of hyacinth bloom, but as beautiful as many of the choicest and most costly orchids. Each flower is as large or larger than a silver dollar, and in color a beautiful soft lilac-rose, sparkling as if covered with diamond dust. The upper petal, which is the largest, has a metallic blue blotch in the center, and in the center of that a small, deep golden-yellow spot. Our cut conveys no idea of the beauty of the spike of flowers, which is often 6 or 8 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter. Can be grown in the open air in summer and in the windows in winter, in anything which will hold water. In the window a beautiful effect is produced by using a glass vessel of some sort, with shells and white sand so arranged in the bottom as to conceal a small amount of soil. In summer it can be grown in the yard in a pool or tub of soil and water, and will bloom most profusely. Its introduction into Europe created a great sensation, and it has received unstinted praise there. We recognize it as a novelty of decided merit. Fine plants, 20 cents each, three for 50 cents. Try three in a large bowl of water

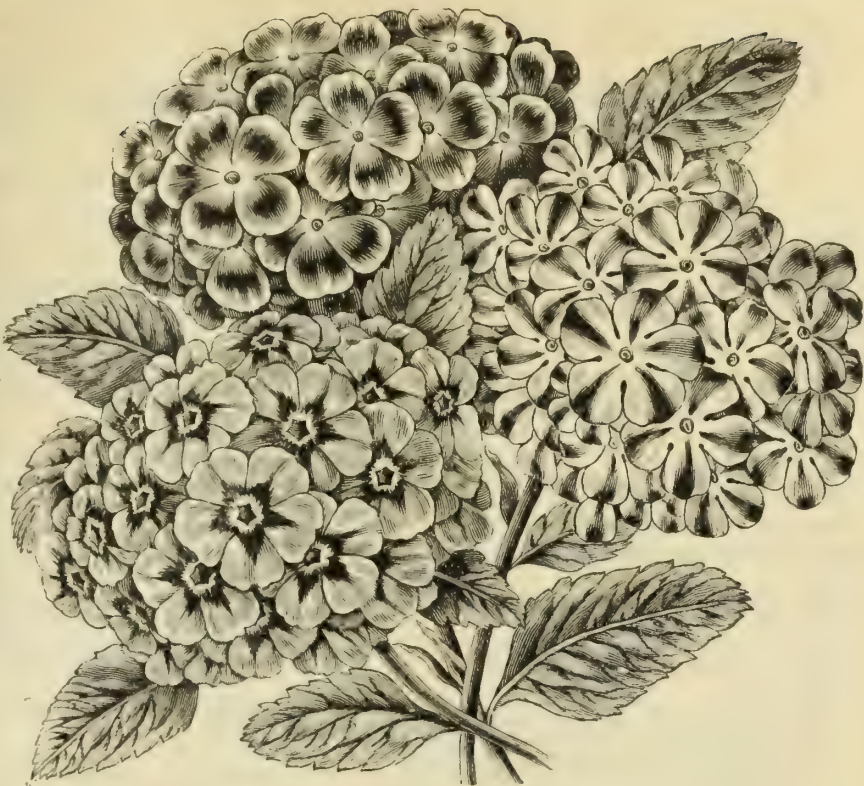


WATER HYACINTH.

VERBENAS.

One of the most valuable bedding plants. May be planted very early in the spring, will begin growing and blooming at once, and will be a mass of bright bloom all through spring, summer, autumn, and sometimes through the winter. Our collection can hardly be excelled anywhere for large size and distinct and brilliant blooms. It contains the best varieties of the mammoth and other strains, and their very low price should cause them to be grown profusely. A bed of Verbenas forms a brilliant ornament for lawn or garden. We grow a great many named varieties, and can supply plants with flowers, in all shades of crimson, scarlet-pink, purple, blue, lavender, white, variegated, etc., but have not space here to describe them at length. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per dozen, \$4 per 100.

Beauty of Lancaster. This variety deserves special mention, as it is the most distinct and striking novelty in Verbenas introduced in many years. It is the strongest grower and freest bloomer we have ever seen. The plants grew and bloomed profusely during the driest summer (when other kinds ceased growing and blooming, and many died), and bloomed



VERBENAS.

later in the winter than those of any other variety. But their most striking feature is the large size and peculiar color of the flower. One-half of each petal, from the outer edge to the center, is bright, clear scarlet, and the other half pure white. The markings are very distinct, and the effect is beautiful. This must not be confounded with the striped varieties, as there is no comparison between them. It creates universal admiration among our visitors, and we heartily recommend it to all our friends. 10 cts. each, \$1 per dozen.

VINCA.

(Madagascar Periwinkle.)

This old and popular plant should be in every garden. It produces masses of bloom from June till frost, and is of compact, bushy growth. 10 cts. each, 50 cts. per dozen.

Alba. Glossy leaves; flowers pure white.

Rosea. Rose-colored flowers with dark eye.

TRADESCANTIA.

(Wandering Jew.)

Fine for hanging-baskets, vases, etc. Easily grown, if it gets plenty of water.

Multicolor. Leaves beautifully striped with white, crimson and olive-green; the plant sometimes sports. 10 cts.

Zebrina. Leaves dark green, with a silvery stripe. 10 cts.

VIOLETS.

We have tried to grow the double varieties of Violets for several years, but have never had them bloom successfully, hence we have discarded them. The well-known single Sweet Violet is still the favorite. Large plants, 10 cts. each, \$1 per dozen.



SINGLE VIOLETS.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

FRUIT TREES.

Fruit trees can be successfully planted through February and March. Lack of space forbids much description in this book, but we wish to assure our customers that we have a large stock of fruit trees, well grown and in good condition. For list of varieties, description and planting directions, see our fall Catalogue.

PEARS—

Bartlett, Beurre d'Anjou, Bloodgood, Clapp Favorite, Duchesse d'Angouleme, Flemish Beauty, Howell, Seckel, Kieffer. 40 cts. each, \$4 per dozen.

Le Conte. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Jefferson, Early Harvest, Garber, Smith Hybrid, Lawson. 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen.

Idaho. \$1 each, \$10 per dozen.

APPLES—Standard Varieties, 20 cts. each, \$2 per dozen.

CRAB-APPLES—Standard Varieties, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

PEACH—Good assortment, from early to late. 20 cts. each, \$2 per dozen, \$12 per 100.

PLUM—

Caddo Chief, DeSoto, Golden Beauty, Hendrix, Indian Chief, Marianna, Prunus Pissardii, Wild Goose, Kelsey Japan, Botan, Satsuma, Burbank, Hatankio, Prunus Simoni, Robinson, Roulette. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

CHERRY—25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

APRICOT—25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

FIGS—25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

QUINCES—25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

MULBERRIES—

Hicks' Everbearing Russian and Multicaulis. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

JAPAN PERSIMMON—\$1 per dozen.

NUTS—

Soft-shelled Almond, Hard-shelled Almond, Black Walnut. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

English Walnut, Chestnut, Pecan. 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen.

SMALL FRUITS.

STRAWBERRIES—75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

GOOSEBERRIES and CURRANTS—15 cts. each, \$1.50 per dozen.

RASPBERRIES—\$1 per dozen, \$5 per 100.

BLACKBERRIES—

Dallas and Kitattinny. 75 cts. per dozen, \$4 per 100.

DEWBERRIES—Mayes' Improved. \$1 per dozen, \$5 per 100.

GRAPES—

Concord. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per dozen.

Agawam, Catawba, Champion, Clinton, Goethe, Herbemont, Ives' Seedling, Warren, Delaware, Niagara, Triumph. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per dozen.

VEGETABLE ROOTS.

ASPARAGUS—25 cts. per dozen, \$1.50 per 100.

RHUBARB—10 cts. each, \$1 per dozen.

SHADE TREES.

All nursery grown and very handsome. We sell more shade trees during February and March than in all the remainder of the year.

Ash, Box Elder, Cottonwood, Catalpa, White Elm, Black Locust, Mulberry, Lombardy Poplar, Soft Maple. 6 to 8 feet, 20 cts. each, \$2 per dozen, \$10 per 100; 8 to 10 feet, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$20 per 100.

Sycamore. 5 to 7 feet, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen; 7 to 9 feet, 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen; 9 to 11 feet, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Umbrella China Tree. 4 feet, 25 cts.; 6 feet, 50 cts.

Weeping Willow, Poplar Peach, Blood-Leaved Peach, Prunus Pissardii. 25 cts.

FLOWERING SHRUBS.

Althæa, Flowering Almond, Buddleia, Cydonia Japonica, Grape Myrtle (Pink, Crimson and Purple), **Deutzia, Bush-Honeysuckle, Catalonian Jasmine, Lilac, Pomegranate, Spiræa.** 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Calycanthus, Snowball, Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. 35 cts.

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS.

Ampelopsis, Bignonia, Honeysuckle, Periploca, Wistaria. 25 cts.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

Arundo Donax (var.), Erianthus Ravennæ, Eulalia Japonica, E. Japonica zebrina. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

HEDGE PLANTS.

Privet. \$6 per 100. **Box.** \$3 per 100.

EVERGREENS.

Arbor-vitæ, Chinese. 2 ft., 25 cts.; 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts.

Box. 25 cts.

Cape Jasmine. 25 cts. to \$1.

Pines, Retinospora, Wild Peach. 50 cts. to \$1.

Rosedale Hybrid. 50 cts. to \$1.50.

Arbor-vitæ, Golden. These are unusually fine this year, perfect in shape and color. 2½ to 3 ft., \$1 each, \$10 per dozen. These are all perfect specimens, and are worth double the money.

Buonymus Japonica. A hardy and ornamental plant, with rich, handsome foliage. 25 to 75 cts. each.

Magnolia grandiflora. This is the grandest of all evergreens and flowering trees; hardy in this latitude. There are now a number of blooming trees in Fort Worth. 1 ft., 50 cts.; 2 ft., \$1; 4 ft., \$2.50.

Oleander. A good house-plant, vigorous and hardy, 200 miles south or east of Fort Worth; pink and white. Small plants, 25 cts.; larger plants, 50 cts. to \$1.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

THE following is a list of Vegetable Seeds generally planted by the market-gardeners around Fort Worth, and includes the varieties best adapted to Texas. We quote only such seeds as we can furnish in bulk. We can supply a number of other varieties in packets, but have not the space here to quote them.

NOTICE.—While we exercise the greatest care to have all our seeds pure and reliable and true to name, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, and will not in any way be responsible for the crops. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these conditions, they must be returned at once.

When **Packets, Ounces and Pounds** are ordered at list prices, they will be mailed *Free of Postage*.

When **Pints and Quarts** are ordered by mail at list prices, 15 cents per quart or 8 cents per pint must be added for postage.

Twenty Cents must be added to every order for seeds in bulk, from a peck up to two bushels; this is to cover cost of seamless sacks in which to ship the seeds.

Premiums. On all orders for seeds in packets, the purchaser may select 25 cents worth extra for each dollar sent us. Thus, any one sending \$1 can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2, seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50, and so on. *Market-Gardeners should write for special prices.*

ASPARAGUS.

Conover's Colossal. The standard variety. A strong, rapid-growing sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Asparagus roots, per 100, \$1.

BEANS.

Add 15 cts. per quart to prices if seed is to be sent by mail.

Landreth's First in Market. This is well named, being the earliest Bean in existence, and therefore very profitable to the market-gardener, and desirable to the private gardener as well. The pods are long, broad, green and very showy, reaching maturity in 30 days from germination, and the habit of vine is productive. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. \$2.25.

Extra Early Red Valentine. The pods develop to an edible condition in 32 days from germination of the seeds. They are light green and semi-transparent, round and slightly curved. The Valentine is a variety standard in every gardening district. Always salable, because always good. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.25.

Early Brown Six-Weeks, or Mohawk. Produces edible pods 30 days after germination. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 25 cts. ¼ bus. \$1.25, bus. \$4.75.

Landreth Scarlet. Seeds large, kidney-formed; pods golden wax. Similar to Golden Wax, but earlier and more productive. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. \$2.

Dwarf German Black Wax. An old standard variety, and still one of the most popular sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Golden Wax. The popular standard variety. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Wardwell Kidney Wax. The best of all early wax Beans. A week earlier than Golden Wax, and more prolific. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 30 cts., pk. \$1.75.

Landreth Saddleback Wax. A novelty of rare merit, producing edible pods as early as Black Wax, larger, rounder, more pulpy and absolutely stringless. The plant is more prolific than Black Wax, and unquestionably rust-proof. Pkt. 10 cts., qt. 50 cts., pk. \$2.50.

Pink-Eyed Wax. An early and very productive Bean of the Golden Wax strain. It equals that variety in every respect, and the pods keep much better both on the plant and after being gathered. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 20 cts., qt. 35 cts., pk. \$1.75.

POLE, OR RUNNING BEANS.

Creaseback. The earliest Pole Bean in cultivation; plants exceedingly productive, and pods and Beans of fine quality. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 35 cts., pk. \$1.60.

Southern Prolific, or Kentucky Wonder. Produces pods in clusters and excellent Snap-Beans in 80 days. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 30 cts.



LANDRETHS' SCARLET BEAN.

BEETS.

CULTURE.—Sow in rich, mellow soil, half an inch deep, in drills 14 inches apart, and thin the plants to 4 inches apart. Sow in early spring for summer use, 6 to 8 lbs. to the acre.

Eclipse. A globe-shaped variety, popular among market-gardeners; skin smooth, deep red; top small and root thin. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 70 cts.

□ **Early Egyptian.** An old standard variety; flat, and somewhat coarser-grained than Eclipse. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Bastian Early Blood Turnip. Early, and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 75c.

Early Flat Bassano. Next in earliness to Eclipse and Egyptian. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 55 cts.

Dewing Early Blood Turnip. One week earlier than Early Blood; skin smooth; an excellent table variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

Early Blood Turnip. A standard variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Edmand Early Blood Turnip. This is undoubtedly the best Beet for market-gardeners and table use; roots smooth, deep dark red, very tender and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 70 cts.

Smooth Long Blood. As the name indicates, this is a long dark blood Beet, grown principally for winter use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.



ECLIPSE BEET.

SUGAR BEETS.

Lane White Sugar. Contains about 8 per cent. of sugar; used principally for feeding stock. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 cts.

MANGEL-WURZELS.

Large Mangel-Wurzel. Used for feeding stock. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 cts.

Red Globe. More delicate than the Long Mammoth varieties; more easily handled; 70 tons to the acre is not an uncommon yield in Europe. Fine cattle-feeding roots. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 cts.

Yellow Oval. A variation of the Yellow Globe, and somewhat more productive; root oblong; skin golden; flesh white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 cts.



ALL-SEASONS CABBAGE.

CABBAGE.

Landreth Earliest Cabbage. The earliest of all good-sized Cabbages. Some very small sorts may be earlier, but none can possibly be disappointed with this, as with its extreme earliness it unites vigor of growth, weight of head and excellence of quality. It produces well-formed, conical heads, remarkably large for so early a ripener. Whoever plants it will be amazed at its early maturity, and, if he is a market-gardener, will be able to place it in the market ahead of all other good Cabbages. The heads will form well on soil so light that success with late varieties is impossible. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.

Early York. A standard variety, similar in shape to Wakefield. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Henderson Early Summer. An excellent early Cabbage, with large flat head, maturing about same time as Wakefield. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.35.

All-Seasons. The best general crop Cabbage in cultivation; early, and good keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Premium Flat Dutch. A favorite late Cabbage among our market-gardeners. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Early Jersey Wakefield. A select strain. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Bloomsdale Early Drumhead. One of the best sorts to succeed the earliest varieties. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts.

Bloomsdale Large Late Flat Dutch. A standard late Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.

Georgia Collards. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c.



HENDERSON'S EARLY CABBAGE.

CELERY.

Half Dwarf. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

White Plume. Self-blanching to great extent. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 35 cts.

CORN, SWEET.

Our Corn is all northern-grown, and must not be confounded with Texas grown stock, as it is from 10 to 15 day earlier.

If sent by mail, add 5 cts. per pt., 10 cts. per qt. for postage.

EARLY AND MAINCROP VARIETIES.

Early Cory. The earliest variety in cultivation. Stalks about $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet high ears 6 to 12 inches from the ground, 2 or 3 to stalk. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 90 cts., bus. \$3.50.

Early Marblehead. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts., bus. \$3.25.

Crosby Early. Equal to Minnesota in this section. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts., bus. \$3.25.

Early Minnesota. A standard early variety. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts., bus. \$3.25.

Extra Early Adams. Ears white when ripe. Grown extensively, as worms do not trouble it. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts., bus. \$3.

Early Adams. The most popular and profitable early early Sweet Corn for this section. Ears white, large and free from worms. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts., bus. \$3.

LATE VARIETIES.

Improved Stowell Evergreen. Standard late variety. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 75 cts., bus. \$3.

Mammoth Sugar. Very sweet and large ears. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 70 cts., bus. \$2.50.

CUCUMBERS.

White Spine. Short Green and Long Green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 70 cts.

Chicago Pickling. Very prolific and one of the best for pickling. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 85 cts.

EGG-PLANT.

Improved New York Purple. The best Egg-plant in cultivation. Fruits large, round, solid and weighty. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 50 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.



WHITE PLUME CELERY.

LETTUCE.

Lettuce is a sure crop, and may be had almost the year round. For the first outdoor crop, sow seed in hotbeds in February, and transplant to the garden in April, a foot apart, in rows 15 inches apart. For succession, sow every two weeks, and thin out to 6 or 8 inches apart.

Black-Seeded Simpson. A cutting variety of unusual merit; one of the most popular sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Early Curled Simpson. Similar to above. Prices same as above.

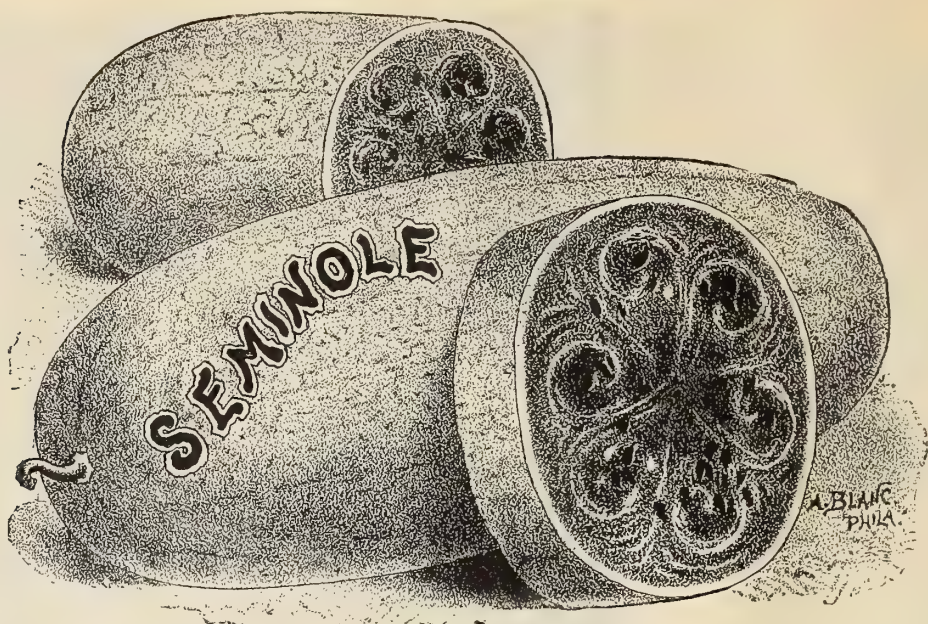
Early Curled Silesia. One of the very earliest sorts of Lettuce. Prices same as Black-Seeded Simpson.

Tennisball. An early and compact-heading variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.

Boston Curled. A handsome variety, with lace-like foliage; ornamental and of fine quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Hanson. A good heat-resisting variety; compact head; very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Prize-Head. A cutting variety, slow to run to seed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.



MUSTARD.

Bloomsdale Large-Leaved. Early; so named because it produces leaves as long and broad as the largest tobacco leaves, when fully developed. When small they are very tender, and excellent for salads. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

White. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 c.

Brown. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 c.

Giant Southern Curled. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

MUSKMELON, or CANTALOUPE.

Nutmeg. A standard market variety; fruits small, netted and sweet-flavored. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Miller's Cream, or Osage. Dark green, thick-meated melons, slightly netted. A very popular variety for family use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Baltimore, or Acme. Oblong fruits; of large size, ribbed, and heavily netted; a good shipper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Delmonico. A comparatively early variety, renowned for its sweetness. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.



EMERALD GEM MUSKMELON.

Green Citron. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Emerald Gem. Skin deep emerald-green; flesh thick, of a beautiful salmon color, and ripens thoroughly to the extremely thin rind. The flesh is peculiarly crystalline in appearance, and the flavor is sweet and luscious beyond description. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35 cts., lb. \$1.

Chicago Market. Almost perfection in appearance and flavor. Very popular with the market-gardeners here. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Extra Early Citron. First in market; the largest of the very early Cantaloupes; form half flat, fairly webbed, flesh green. The merit of this sort consists in its extra early ripening, which makes it profitable for all market-gardeners. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Extra Early June. A large, flat, early melon, following the Extra Early Citron. Fruit flat, deeply ribbed, heavily netted; flesh green, of a most exquisite quality. The earliest melon of its size, and valuable to the shipper. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Extra Early Hackensack. A week or ten days earlier than the old Hackensack. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Atlantic City. An odd, pineapple-shaped melon, of excellent quality; large and showy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.50.

WATERMELONS.

Phinney Early. Very early; a good shipper and of excellent flavor; small but productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

Georgia Rattlesnake or Gipsy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

Peerless. Rind thin; flesh solid and sugary. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Cuban Queen. Grown for a late shipping variety by our local market-gardeners. Large and striped; of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 65 cts.

Seminole. This new variety has many good points, and is worthy of trial. Fruits early. Of large size; plants very productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 85 cts.

WATERMELONS, continued.

Odella or California. Very popular with the market-gardeners in this vicinity, on account of its fine appearance, flavor and shipping qualities. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 85 cts.

Scaly Bark. Large melons, solid and of good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Kolb Gem. The best late melon for this climate, nearly round, and grows to a large size. Rind dark green and striped; flesh bright red and very sweet. A good shipping melon. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts. By express, 50 cts. per lb.

Landreth Boss. Flavor delicious and melting; flesh solid, deep bright red, rind thin, but very tough, making it one of the best of shippers. Requires rich soil and plenty of room. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Dixie. Promises to supersede Kolb Gem, as it is earlier, better-flavored, as productive, and as large or larger. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

OKRA.

White Velvet. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Long Green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.

ONION.

The gardener who gives Onion-culture a little time and study usually finds it very profitable, especially when he learns what varieties to plant, and when, where and how to plant them. Rich, loose soil, plowed deep and well manured and cultivated, will almost always insure a good crop, and Onions always sell well. Five hundred bushels per acre is a medium-sized crop, while a yield of from 800 to 1,000 bushels per acre is not unusual under the best cultivation. As far as possible, we try to offer only such varieties as are best adapted to our region. What are known as the Italian varieties seem admirably suited to our soil and climate. These are such as Mammoth Silver King, Giant Yellow Rocca, Giant White Tripoli, White Queen, etc.

Extra Early Red Flat. A very early red variety, and one of the best for growing sets. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Wethersfield Large Red. A standard variety; large and productive. A good keeper and shipper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Yellow Globe Danvers. Grown largely by market-gardeners. The best yellow variety. An excellent keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

White Portugal, or Silver Skin. All white Onion seed is very scarce this year. White Portugal is grown largely for pickling and sets. A good market sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.50.

Extra Early Bloomsdale Pearl. Earliest of all, pearly white, waxen and translucent. Form flat and broad; flavor very mild. On rich soil the bulbs sometimes grow too large for market. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 40c.

Yellow Strasburg. An early flat yellow Onion, and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts., lb. \$2.25.



YELLOW DANVERS ONION.



FIRST AND BEST PEAS.

ITALIAN ONIONS.

Mammoth Silver King. A large variety, with bulbs often weighing two pounds or more; skin silvery white. A good market variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.

White Queen. Very early; a silver-skin red variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1, lb. \$3.

El Paso. A Mexican variety, in high favor in that country and western Texas. Bulbs large, flat and silvery white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts., lb. \$2.75.

Giant Yellow Rocca. Similar to the above, but of golden yellow color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Giant White Tripoli. A large, white, flat sort, of mild and excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90 cts., lb. \$2.75.

PEAS.

Postage 15 cts. per quart extra, if sent by mail.

Cleveland Alaska. A smooth blue variety; the plants yield heavily and very early; probably the earliest variety grown. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.25.

Landreth Extra Early. The famous early variety, put up in sealed bags. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 30 cts., pk. \$1.60, bus. \$6.

Sitka. Very similar to or identical with Alaska. Pkt. 5 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.40, bus. \$5.

Philadelphia Extra Early. Similar to First and Best. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.50.

First and Best. Smooth-seeded; plant heavy yielding. Excellent for market. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.25.

Champion of England. A late variety, very large and sweet. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.25.

McLean Little Gem. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25, bus. \$4.75.

Large White Marrowfat. Well liked in this climate; a rank grower, and requires bushing; yields very heavily. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. \$1, bus. \$3.50.

Black-eyed Marrowfat. Raised largely in the East and South for stock; in some localities for the table. Pkt. 5 cts., pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. \$1, bus. \$3.50.



LARGE CHEESE.

PUMPKINS.

Connecticut Field. Grown for feeding stock. Pkt. 5 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10 cts., lb. 40 cts.

Large Cheese. An excellent table sort; large, flat, and a good keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Cushaw. A large Pumpkin, weighing from 60 to 80 lbs.; a good keeper, and excellent for pies. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

PEPPER.

Small Chili Red. Pods red, small, very hot. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts.

Large Sweet Spanish. The large red variety, generally used for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.

Bull-Nose. Similar to Sweet Spanish, but large and very hot. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.

PARSLEY.

Several kinds, curled and plain. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts.



SHORT-TOPPED EARLIEST WHITE TURNIP RADISH.

PARSNIP.

Turnip-Rooted. Early, turnip-rooted. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Bloomsdale. Half-long, easily dug and very productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75c.

Hollow Crown. An old variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

SQUASH.

White Bush Scalloped. The kind most commonly planted. Early and productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts., lb. 70 cts.

Boston Marrow. A good variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.



BOSTON MARROW SQUASH.

Hubbard. An excellent sort in every way. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Marblehead. Bluish green; rival for Hubbard in many respects. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 85 cts.

RADISH.

Short-Topped Earliest White Turnip. Requires but 17 days to mature. The earliest white-rooted Radish, and the best white for forcing; leaves very few, short and closely set. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

White-Tipped Early Scarlet Turnip. A fancy French variety; scarlet roots, with white tips. Very showy and delicate. A choice variety. Pkt. 5c., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Early Deep Scarlet Turnip-Rooted. An improvement on the old Red Turnip; richer in color; smoother in skin. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Early Red Turnip-Rooted. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

French Breakfast. An olive-shaped variety, the upper part of the bulb scarlet, the bottom tipped with white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts.

Long Scarlet Short-Top. Roots long, straight, rich and uniform in color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 80 cts.

Chartier, or Long Rose. Second early. In color the greater length of the root is scarlet and pink, while the lower part is white. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Landreth White Lady-Finger. Requires but 23 days to mature. A large, white, crisp variety, about half as long as Long Scarlet, and similar in shape. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Philadelphia White Box. White, short-leaved and turnip-formed; early in developing. Named "Box" by reason of its adaptability for growing in boxes, hot or coldframes. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 90 cts.

SALSIFY.

(Oyster Plant.)

Ordinary French. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.

Sandwich Island. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.

SPINACH.

Per pkt. Oz. ¼lb. Lb.

Landreth Bloomsdale . . \$0 05 \$0 10 \$0 20 \$0 50

Round Savoy-Leaved . . . 5 10 15 40

Common Round Dutch . . . 5 10 15 40

Long Standing 5 10 15 40

TOMATO.

Extra Early Richmond. (Ninety-day Tomato.) Said to be the earliest Tomato grown. Of fair size, but not smooth. Very profitable on account of its earliness. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts.

Early Jersey. One of the best among early sorts; fruits of good size, solid and fairly smooth; red. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts.



BEAUTY TOMATO.

Early Bermuda. Extra early. One of the most profitable sorts for truckers, because it is a good shipper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 30 cts.

The Money-Maker. Quick to ripen; a splendid shipper. Probably the most profitable Tomato for the market-gardener. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts.

Acme. The standard Tomato for all localities; popular everywhere. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts., lb., \$2.50.

T. T. T., or Ten-Ton Tomato. Deep red, large round, smooth as an apple, free from any green core or other imperfections. Twenty thousand pounds, or ten tons, of fruit to the acre can readily be grown on any good Tomato soil. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts.

Beauty. Well known; still a leading sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Dwarf Champion. Erect, tree-shaped plants, producing very fine Tomatoes in great abundance. Pkt 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 70 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Per pkt. Oz. ¼lb. Lb.

Trophy \$0 05 \$0 25 \$0 85 \$3 00

Perfection 05 25 75 2 50

Golden Trophy 05 25

Pear-Shaped Yellow 05 25

Mikado 05 25

General Grant 05 25

Favorite 05 20 75 2 55

TURNIPS.

Per pkt. Oz. ¼lb. Lb.

Red or Purple - Top Flat

Strap-Leaved \$0 05 \$0 10 \$0 20 \$0 50

Early White Flat Dutch

Strap-Leaved 05 10 20 50

Buist Mammoth Purple-

Top Globe 05 10 20 50

Early White Egg 05 10 20 60

Large Cow-Horn 05 10 20 60

Purple - Top Yellow Aber-

deen 05 10 20 50

Large Amber Globe 05 10 20 50

Buist Improved Yellow

Ruta-Baga 05 10 20 50

Vegetable Plants.

No order shipped for less than \$1. Prices net; no discount. Plants must go by express.

CABBAGE PLANTS.

We grow and can furnish plants of nearly all the varieties quoted in this catalogue.

25 cts per dozen, \$1 per 100.

After April 1, 40 cts per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

Price on application.

TOMATO PLANTS.

All the leading varieties.

25 cts. per dozen, \$1 per 100.

After April 1, 50 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

PEPPER AND EGG-PLANTS.

Pot-grown, 50 cts. per dozen.]

Herbs—Sweet, Pot and Medicinal.

5 cts. per Packet.

Anise. Coriander,
Basil, Sweet, Dill,
Caraway, Fennel,
Cat-Mint or Catnip, Horehound,

Hyssop, Sage,
Lavender, Tansy,
Marjoram, Sweet, Thyme,
Rosemary,

FLOWER SEEDS.

MANY people in Texas have an idea that flowers cannot be raised successfully from seed here, and so never make the attempt. This impression is often due to failures, caused by the gardener's not knowing *how*, *when* and *where* to plant, and, more especially, *what* to plant. The plants recommended most highly in Northern catalogues as growing well from seeds are often just the ones that fail first here, because the season, temperature, etc., are so entirely different. If, instead of trying to grow Asters, Sweet-Peas, Gloxinias, Cyclamen, etc., we would devote our time to Phloxes, Vincas, Nasturtiums, Dianthus, Caliopsis, Snapdragon, Mignonette, Candytuft, Alyssum, Hollyhocks, Petunias, Verbenas, Portulaca, Zinnias, etc., there would be less disappointment and many more flowers.

We import our seeds from the best growers in Europe, and feel perfectly safe in recommending them as pure, fresh and reliable. The seed should be sown much earlier here than is usually recommended, because our season begins much earlier here than in the North. February, March and April are the months in which to sow nearly all flower seeds. It is a good plan to first sow seeds in shallow boxes of any good, light soil—sandy loam is the best—and keep them in a warm, sunny part of the room till the young plants are large enough to be transplanted to the open ground.

ANNUALS are plants that blossom and mature their seed within a year after the seed is sown, and then perish.

BIENNIALS flower the second and sometimes the third year after the seed is sown, and then perish.

PERENNIALS live and bloom for many years after the seed is sown.

For a remittance of \$1 you may select seeds, in packets only, valued at \$1 50

" " 2 " " " " " " 3 00

" " 3 " " " " " " 4 50

" " 4 " " " " " " 6 00

" " 5 " " " " " " 7 50


 All Flower Seeds sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of remittance, as above. Prices quoted are for seeds in packets.

AGERATUM. A flower greatly in demand on account of its easy culture and constant blooming throughout the year. Half-hardy annual. Choice mixed. 5 cts.

ALYSSUM, Sweet. A general favorite. Very fragrant, and much prized for cutting. Hardy annual. 5 cts.

AMARANTHUS. Highly ornamental foliage plants, giving the border a sub-tropical appearance.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Leaves red, yellow and green. 5 cts.

 **Caudatus** (Love-lies-bleeding). 5 cts.



BALSAM.

ASTERS are beautiful annual plants. The seed should be sown under glass and transplanted into rich, loose soil. While growing, and especially when blooming, they need plenty of water.

German Quilled. Mixed colors. 10 cts.

German Globe. Mixed colors. 10 cts.

ANTIRRHINUM, (Snapdragon). An old favorite for summer and fall flowering; dark, glossy leaves and spotted flowers. Half-hardy perennial. Dwarf mixed. 5 cts.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Hardy perennials; very showy. Double mixed. 5 cts.

BALSAM (Lady-slipper, or Touch-me-not). A family of beautiful annuals. Rich soil and deep culture is necessary in order to produce large and showy flowers.

Camellia-flowered. Very fine mixed. 10 cts.

Fine Double Mixed. 5 cts.

Dwarf " " 5 cts.

BELLIS PERENNIS. The Double English Daisy. 10 cts.

BROWALLIA. A profuse bloomer, bearing light blue and white flowers. Tender annual. 5 cts.

CALENDULA. Handsome hardy annuals, commonly called Cape or Pot Marigolds. They bloom continuously all season, and are of easy culture. 5c.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bell). A tall, stately plant, with a rich coloring. Will bloom the first year if seed is sown early. Mixed seed. 5 cts.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis). An excellent flower for bedding and cutting; of easy culture.

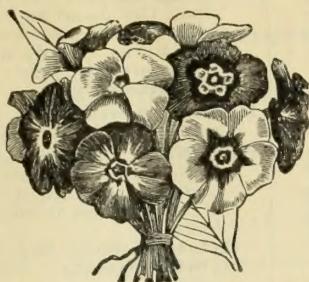
White. 5 cts.

Mixed. 5 cts.

CLARKIA ELEGANS. Very pretty hardy annuals. Mixed colors. 5 cts.



ASTER.



PHLOX.



CONVOLVULUS.



MARIGOLD.

CHRYSANTHEMUM tricolor, fl. pl. The well-known double hardy annual. 5 cts.

Frutescens (The Marguerite, or Paris Daisy). Blooms in summer; of very easy culture; popular everywhere. 5 cts.

CARNATION, Margaret. With the simplest culture these lovely, fragrant Carnations will be in full bloom in about four months after sowing the seed. The beautiful flowers are of high type, exquisitely sweet and fully 80 per cent. are perfectly double. The range of color, marking, variegations, and shading is simply wonderful. Seed sown early in the year will give an abundance of sweet-scented double flowers in July. Sown in May and kept pinched back, you will have fine flowers late in fall until checked by hard frosts. Sown in the autumn, the flowers will be in full bloom early in the spring. Thus, by planting at different seasons, the beautiful flowers of these grand Carnations can be had all the year round. Pkt. 15 cts., two pkts. 25 cts.

For other varieties, see Dianthus.

CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS. One of the finest hardy annuals. Flowers red, orange and yellow with a center of deep brown or purple. Finest double mixed, 5 cts.

CENTAUREA (Dusty Miller). Highly valued for bedding purposes; deeply cut, silvery foliage. Hardy annual.

Candidissima. Extra fine. 15 cts.

Gymnocarpa. Fine for bedding. 10 cts.

CANNA (Indian-Shot). All colors, mixed. 10 cts.

CELOSIA (Coxcomb). Very handsome and easily grown.

Cristata. Extra fine, mixed. 10 cts.

— **Crimson-feathered.** 10 cts.

CYPRESS VINE. A handsome climber with star-like flowers and delicate foliage; height 15 feet. Half-hardy annual. This ranks among the very best vines for this climate. Scarlet and white. 5 cts.

CONVOLVULUS (Morning-Glory). *C. major* is a universally popular climber, while *C. minor* is very desirable for bedding purposes. Half-hardy annuals.

C. major. Finest mixture. 5 cts.

C. minor. Finest mixture. 5 cts.

DAHLIA. A fine autumn-flowering plant; will bloom the first year from seed if started early; keep roots in dry cellar during winter.

Fine Mixed, Single. 10 cts.

“ “ **Double.** 10 cts.

DAISY. See Bellis.

DELPHINUM. See Larkspur.

DIGITALIS (Fox-glove). Of very stately growth and varied colors, bearing mottled, thimble-shaped flowers. Hardy perennial. 3 feet. All colors mixed. 5 cts.

DIANTHUS. (Pinks.) “The China and Japan Pinks are deservedly very popular, as few flowers can equal them in beauty and profusion of bloom. They comprise many distinct and beautifully marked varieties, of rich and varied colors, and bloom continually all summer and fall, until overtaken by severe frost; they live over winter, and bloom finely again the second season.”

Chinensis (Double Chinese Pinks). Clusters of small double flowers; finest mixed. Per pkt. 5 cts., per oz. 50 cts.

C. albus, fl. pl. Double white. 5 cts.

Heddewigii, Finest Single. Mixed. Magnificent flowers, 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Per pkt. 5 cts., per oz. 75 cts.

Eastern Queen. Magnificent single flowers, 2 to 4 inches across, splendidly striped and stained. 5 cts.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). A very profuse flowering plant, with a fine fragrance. Sow in open border about April 1. Hardy annual. Double mixed, 5 cts.

FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myosotis.

FOUR-O'CLOCK. See Marvel of Peru.

FOX-GLOVE. See Digitalis.

GODETIA Lady Albemarle. Plants compact; profusely covered with rosy carmine flowers. 5 c.

GOURDS. Choice ornamental climbers of rapid growth, bearing fruit of various and curious forms. Many peculiar shapes may be grown by enclosing the young fruits in bottles or moulds of any kind; they will grow to fit the moulds exactly. Mixed seed. 5 cts.

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). Grown both for its seeds and showy yellow blossoms

Mammoth Russian. As the name implies, this is an enormous-flowered, tall variety, the best to grow for seed; the stalks may be used for fuel. Pkt. 5 cts., lb. 35 cts.

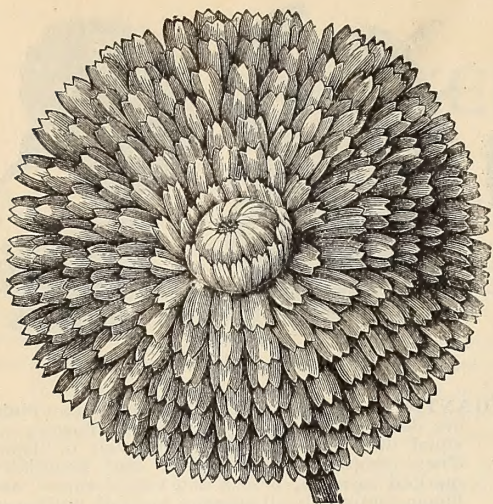
HIBISCUS. A very fine shrub, with large, gorgeous flowers and dark foliage; thrives best in a partially shaded place.

Africanus. Dark foliage. 5 cts.

HELIOTROPE. Very fragrant plants, adapted to bedding and house-culture. Half-hardy perennial. Choice mixed. 10 cts.

HOLLYHOCK (Althea). The seed we offer of this well-known flower is especially fine. Sow in June or July, and plants will bloom the next summer. Hardy perennial. Double mixed. 10 cts.

IPOMEA grandiflora (Moon-flower). A very desirable climber, not unlike the Morning-Glory in form. It grows with wonderful rapidity, and will completely cover the side of a house in one season. As its name implies, it blooms only in the night, covering the vines with enormous white flowers 5 to 6 inches in diameter, with a five-pointed star in the center. A profuse bloomer. Start seed early in boxes, and transplant plants as soon as safe. The blooms dispense a most delicious fragrance. Half-hardy annual. 10 cts.



CALENDULA.

ICE-PLANT (*Mesembryanthemum*). An odd plant of dwarf habit, with leaves covered with crystal globules, from which it takes its name. 5 cts.

LOBELIA. A very pretty dwarf plant, with blue, white, crimson and rose-colored flowers in great profusion. Excellent for hanging baskets. Half-hardy annual. 5 cts.

LUPINUS (*Sun-dial*). Very appropriate for garden ornamentation, bearing long spikes of brilliant flowers. Mixed annuals. 5 cts.

LARKSPUR. Well-known annuals of great beauty, and noted for the richness of their colors.

Double Dwarf Rocket. Finest mixed. 5 cts.

Tall Rocket. Double mixed. 5 cts.

Emperor Larkspur. Really splendid, a single plant having fifty or more erect spikes of flowers. 5 cts.

MOON-FLOWER. See *Ipomœa grandiflora*.

MORNING-GLORY. See *Convolvulus*.

MARIGOLD (*Tagetes*). Very effective for bedding purposes; handsome, double flowers, of very rich colors. Half-hardy annuals.

Double French Mixed. Dwarf; excellent for the front of the beds, with taller African varieties as a background. 5 cts.

African Double Mixed. 5 cts.

MARVEL OF PERU (*Four-o'clock*). A curious plant, expanding in the evening and folding up in the morning; of bushy growth, literally covered with flowers of various colors. Preserve roots in dry cellar in winter. Half-hardy perennial. Fine mixed. 5 cts.

MIGNONETTE. An old favorite, so well known as to need no description; we present some of the latest varieties. Hardy annuals.

Golden Queen. A very fine new variety, with flowers of a golden hue; highly effective; of dense, pyramidal habit. 5 cts.

Reseda Odorata. Large-flowering. 5 cts.

Machet. Something new. Dwarf habit; delicious fragrance. Very fine and distinct. 10 cts.

MIRABILIS. See *Marvel of Peru*.

MAURANDIA. A climbing perennial; profuse flowering and with abundant foliage. Half-hardy perennial. All colors mixed. 10 cts.

NIGELLA (*Love-in-a-mist*). An odd plant, with curious flowers and seed-pods. Hardy annual. Best mixture. 5 cts.

NASTURTIUM. This plant is, and always will be, justly popular. It grows in almost any soil, and withstands heat and drouth as few other plants can. The dwarf varieties make very fine beds, while the tall are excellent for trellises, porches, and lattices. Hardy annuals.

Dwarf, mixed. 5 cts.

Tall, mixed. 5 cts.

PANSY. A well-known favorite plant. Sow seed early in rich beds. Choice mixed. 5 cts.

PETUNIA. Most valuable plants, succeeding well everywhere. They are particularly showy in beds or masses, and are universal favorites on account of their richness of color, fragrance and continuous blooming.

Hybrida. Finest Mixed. 5 cts.

Hybrida Striata. Flowers beautifully striped. 10 cts.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII. No flowers are more showy or brilliant than those of this popular annual, which thrives so generally throughout our country. We know of no plant more easily grown, or which gives better satisfaction. It should be in every garden.

Finest Mixed. All colors. 5 cts.

Pure White. 5 cts.

Grandiflora. Large-flowering. Mixed, 10 cts.

PORTULACA (*Sun Plant*). A small trailing plant, bearing pretty, delicate flowers. It thrives in a sandy soil, with plenty of light and heat. Hardy annual.

Fine Single Mixed. 5 cts.

Fine Double Mixed. 10 cts.

POPPY. A tall plant, bearing very large and brilliantly colored flowers; very pretty as a garden center, or planted in clumps. Hardy annual. Mixed. 5 cts.

SILENE (*Catch-Fly*). A dwarf plant, very pretty for spring bedding or rockwork. Hardy annual. Mixed. 5 cts.

SWEET PEAS. Exceedingly popular climbers very fragrant, and continuing in bloom all summer. Hardy annual. Mixed colors. 5 cts.

STOCKS (*Gilly-flower*). Select German Ten-Weeks. Fine mixed. 10 cts.

SWEET WILLIAM (*Dianthus barbatus*). Hardy annuals. Fine mixed. 5 cts.

SUNFLOWER. See *Helianthus*.

VERBENA. Sow the seed early under glass, and transplant the seedlings as soon as safe. Good, healthy plants will bloom the first year. Half hardy perennial. Fine mixed. 10 cts.

WALL-FLOWER. A plant much esteemed for beds and borders. Very fragrant; flowers in many shades of purple, orange and chocolate. Half-hardy perennial. Finest mixed double. 5 cts.

ZINNIA ELEGANS. A very showy flower, appropriate for bedding, pot culture, and cutting, for which it is well adapted. Half-hardy annual. *Z. elegans* is the earliest bloomer of all. 10 cts.

VINCA (*Madagascar Periwinkle*). Splendid house and bedding plants, 18 inches high, with glossy green leaves and circular flowers.

Rosea. Fine rose color. 10 cts.

Rosea alba. White, rosy eye. 10 cts.

Alba pura. Clear, pure white. 10 cts.

Mixed. The above three varieties, 5 cts.



POPPY.


INDEX.

Plants, Trees and Fruits.

| | Page | | Page | | Page |
|---|--------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|------|
| Abutilons | 14 | Cyperus | 18 | Ornamental Grasses | 30 |
| Ageratum | 15 | Dewberries | 30 | Pansy | 26 |
| Aloes | 15 | Evergreens | 30 | Paris Daisies | 26 |
| Aloysia | 15 | Ferns | 21 | Peach | 30 |
| Alyssum | 15 | Feverfew, Double | 21 | Pears | 30 |
| Alternanthera | 15 | Figs | 30 | Persimmon | 30 |
| Amaryllis | 15 | Fruit and Ornamental Trees | 30 | Petunias | 27 |
| Anthericum | 14 | Fuchsias | 22 | Phlox | 27 |
| Antigonon | 14 | Geraniums | 23 | Pilea | 27 |
| Antirrhinum | 14 | Gladiolus | 21 | Pinks | 27 |
| Apples | 30 | Gooseberries | 30 | Plum | 30 |
| " Crab | 30 | Grapes | 30 | Plumbago | 27 |
| Apricot | 30 | Greenhouse Department | 14-29 | Quinces | 30 |
| Aster | 14 | Hardy Climbing Plants | 30 | Raspberries | 30 |
| Azaleas | 15 | Hedge Plants | 30 | Resurrection Plant | 27 |
| Begonias | 16 | Heliotropes | 22 | Rivinia | 27 |
| Blackberries | 30 | Hibiscus | 25 | Roses | 3-8 |
| Bouvardia | 17 | How to Ship | 2 | " Climbing Tea and Noisette | 8 |
| Caladium | 18 | Hoya | 22 | " New of Special Merit | 3-6 |
| Calla | 18 | Introductory | 1 | " Polyantha | 8 |
| Cannas | 19, 20 | Ipomœa | 25 | " Tea and Everblooming | 7, 8 |
| Carnations | 17, 18 | Ivy | 25 | Russellia | 28 |
| Cereus | 20 | Jasmine | 25 | Salvia | 28 |
| Cestrum | 20 | Lantana | 26 | Sedum | 28 |
| Cherry | 30 | Lobelia | 26 | Shade Trees | 30 |
| Chrysanthemums | 9-13 | Madeira Vine | 26 | Shrubs, Flowering | 30 |
| Chrysanthemums, General Col- lection | 11-13 | Manettia | 26 | Smilax | 28 |
| Chrysanthemums, New Varie- ties | 9-11 | Maurandya | 26 | Solanum | 28 |
| Clerodendron | 17 | Mesembryanthemum | 26 | Strawberries | 30 |
| Coccoloba | 18 | Mulberries | 30 | Tradescantia | 29 |
| Coleus | 21 | Nasturtium | 27 | Tuberoses | 28 |
| Coreopsis | 18 | Nuts | 30 | Verbenas | 29 |
| Cuphea | 18 | Oleander | 30 | Vinca | 29 |
| | | Orange, Otaheite | 27 | Violets | 29 |
| | | Orange, Trifoliolate | 26 | Water Hyacinth | 28 |

Flower and Vegetable Seeds.

| | Page | | Page | | Page |
|----------------------------------|--------|---|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| Ageratum | 38 | Digitalis | 39 | Nigella | 40 |
| Alyssum | 38 | Delphinium | 39 | Okra | 35 |
| Amaranthus | 38 | Egg-Plant | 33 | Onions | 35 |
| Antirrhinum | 38 | Eschscholtzia | 39 | Pansy | 40 |
| Aquilegia | 38 | Flower Seeds | 38-40 | Parsley | 36 |
| Asparagus; also, Roots | 30, 31 | Forget-Me-Not | 39 | Parsnip | 36 |
| Asters | 38 | Four-O'clock | 39 | Peas | 35 |
| Balsam | 38 | Fox-G'love | 39 | Pepper | 36 |
| Beans | 31 | Godetia | 39 | Petunia | 40 |
| Beets | 32 | Gourds | 39 | Phlox | 40 |
| Bellis | 38 | Helianthus | 39 | Poppy | 40 |
| Browallia | 38 | Heliotrope | 39 | Portulaca | 40 |
| Cabbage | 32 | Herbs, Sweet, Pot and Medicinal | 37 | Pumpkins | 36 |
| Calendula | 38 | Hibiscus | 39 | Radish | 36 |
| Calliopsis | 39 | Hollyhock | 39 | Rhubarb Roots | 30 |
| Campanula | 38 | Ice-Plant | 40 | Salsify | 37 |
| Candytuft | 38 | Ipomœa | 39 | Silene | 40 |
| Canna | 39 | Larkspur | 40 | Spinach | 37 |
| Cantaloupe | 34 | Lettuce | 33 | Squash | 36 |
| Carnation | 39 | Lobelia | 40 | Stocks | 40 |
| Celery | 33 | Lupinus | 40 | Sunflower | 40 |
| Celosia | 39 | Mangel-Wurzels | 32 | Sweet Peas | 40 |
| Centaurea | 39 | Marigold | 40 | Sweet William | 40 |
| Chrysanthemum | 39 | Marvel of Peru | 40 | Tomato | 37 |
| Clarkia | 38 | Maurandia | 40 | Turnips | 37 |
| Convolvulus | 39 | Mignonette | 40 | Vegetable Plants | 37 |
| Corn | 33 | Mirabilis | 40 | Vegetable Seeds | 31-37 |
| Cucumbers | 33 | Moon-Flower | 40 | Verbena | 40 |
| Cypress Vine | 39 | Morning-Glory | 40 | Vinca | 40 |
| Dahlia | 39 | Muskmelon | 34 | Wall-Flower | 40 |
| Daisy | 39 | Mustard | 34 | Watermelons | 34 |
| Dianthus | 39 | Nasturtium | 40 | Zinnia | 40 |

CATALOGUE OF 

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,

Roses and Chrysanthemums,
Greenhouse and Bedding Plants,
Vegetable and Flower Seeds.





BAKER BROTHERS,

FORT WORTH,

TEXAS.